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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXVI.—NO. 42. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,211

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The contested election case of Pearson versus Crawford was considered in the House yesterday. ——The Boers are reported as retreating toward the Vaal river and taking up position at Boshrand, south of Kroonstad; the British advance will be retard three or four days until repairs to bridges are completed. ——In a collision of trains on the Southern at Hardeeville, S. C, one man was killed and four men were wounded. ——The Naval appropriation bill was discussed in the Senate. ——Mayor Waddell opened the discussion at the Race Problem Conference in Montgomery. ——Vesuvius is again in violent eruption. ——The strike of street railway employes in St. Louis is unchanged; cars are running under police protection. ——Illinois Republicans nominated Richard Yates for Governor. ——The American Peace Society is in session at Boston. ——An attempt of the British to seize a Boer convoy at Zand river was repulsed and the British forced to retreat. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 9⅞c; flour was in better inquiry; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 79⅞c; corn—spot weak, No. 2 44⅝c; oats—spot dull, No 2 27⅞c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 10

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 73 degrees; 8 P. M., 63 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 75 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 27, rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .51 inches.

Stage of water at 8 A. M. at Fayetteville 5.0 feet

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The rain area extended eastward to the interior of the South Atlantic States Tuesday, but only light showers occurred east of the Mississippi valley. In the Mississippi valley districts, Arkansas and Southeast Texas, showers were heavy.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—For North Carolina: Fair and cool Thursday, except showers in extreme eastern portion. Friday fair, diminishing northerly winds.

Port Almanac---May 10.

Sun Rises	4.59 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.54 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 54 M.
High Water at Southport	4.46 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	7.16 A. M.

A wild man has recently been captured in Ohio. There will be lots of wild men in that State when Bryan captures the Presidency next November.

The Emperor of Germany contributed 500 marks to the relief of the famine and pestilence sufferers in India. The Prince of Wales contributed a letter of "sympathy."

While the Sultan of Turkey is cogitating over that $90,000 claim of ours he is taking an inventory of his war vessels to see how he will be fixed to resist forcible collection.

A cargo of two hundred thousand bushels of corn left New York a couple days ago to feed the starving in India. There is a good deal more in an ear of corn than in all Wales' letter of "sympathy."

It is alternately asserted and denied that Roosevelt will run on the ticket with McKinley. Well, we don't care a continental whether he does or not. We would just as lief wallop him as any of them.

Mr. Hanna will not have anything to do with regulating the eclipse of the sun on the 28th inst. All his time is taken up in engineering the business for Mr. McKinley, to prevent him from being eclipsed by Bryan.

The Legislature will meet in adjourned session on Tuesday after the second Monday in June, which is the 12th day of the month. The session, though brief, will be an important one, and every Democrat should answer to roll-call.

One of Davenport's cartoons represents McKinley speaking of Porto with the legend "God's in it, we are in it, there's money in it." According with the eternal fitness of things this legend should be reversed after the first part of it was cut off.

The fishermen of a Massachusetts town had a pet whale which strayed into their habor some time ago and took such a liking to it that it remained there and became quite tame, following the sloop "Grace Darling," to which it took a fancy, around like a dog. A water boat captain who wasn't acquainted with the pet, took it for a wild whale the other day, jabbed a harpoon into it, and now the fishermen have no pet.

LOCAL DOTS.

—All the city banks will be closed to day.

—The Produce Exchange will be closed to day in observance of Memorial Day.

—It is understood that an impromptu german will be given Friday night at Germania Hall.

—The blackfish excursion trip on the steamer *Marion* has been postponed on account of high winds prevailing at sea.

—The steamer *Wilmington* will make a trip out to sea next Sunday, leaving the city at 10 A. M. and returning at 7 P. M.

—All the participants in the Fifth Street M. E. Church sacred concert are requested to meet for rehearsal this evening at 8.15 o'clock.

—There are now forty-four prisoners in the county jail. Several in addition to the above number are serving terms on the convict force.

—The excursion on the steamer *Wilmington* under the auspices of St. Mary's Guild, had to be postponed yesterday on account of the unfavorable weather.

—Those who desire to visit Wrightsville beach are asked not to forget the special train on the Seacoast railroad leaving the city at 10 o'clock this morning.

—It still looks like Bryan and Dewey. If that should be the ticket and they were to make a tour of the United States, wouldn't they "set the woods afire?"

—The County Board of Elections of Duplin county met at Kenansville on the 7th and elected Mr. G. W. Carroll chairman, and Dr. Jno. M. Faison secretary.

—Archie Kinsauls, the condemned murderer from Sampson county, now in jail here for safe keeping, has been denied a new trial by the Supreme Court. He may be hanged here, it is stated.

—The Syrian, who was adjudged insane Tuesday, objects strenuously to being sent to the asylum and his immediate friends among his race bear him out in the contention in this particular. It is not known what disposition will be made of him.

—There were sales of spirits of turpentine on the local market late yesterday afternoon at 46½@47½ cents, but for the most part of the day, there was nothing doing, as purchasers of stock only offered 46¼@47, which was not accepted by sellers. The receipts were 40 casks.

—Jefferson Lodge, No. 61, K. of P., conferred the rank of Esquire upon one candidate at the regular meeting last night. Col. W. A. Johnson, Jefferson's representative to the Grand Lodge which met at Durham two weeks ago, was present and made an interesting report of things seen and heard there in connection with the order.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Banks—Holiday.
Clyde Line—Sailing days.
Warren's Cafe—Fresh shrimp.
Notice—Of service by publication.
Continental Insurance Company—Statement.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notice—Cape Fear Camp, U. C.V.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. O. L. Clark, of Clarkton, was here yesterday.

—Mr. F. D. Phillips, of Charleston, is at The Orton.

—Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., is visiting in Tarboro, N. C.

—Dr. Clarence Porter Jones, of Benson, N. C., was here yesterday.

—Mr. A. C. Wessell is in the city from New York on a visit to his parents.

—Mr. John H. Shreve, of Washington, D. C., is registered at The Orton.

—Mrs. J. G. Barrentine left yesterday for Boston, where she will visit for some time.

—Mr. A. F. Toon, of Whiteville, was among the number of arrivals at The Orton yesterday.

—Miss Etta Wilder, of St. Stephens, S. C., is in the city visiting her brother, Mr. H. F. Wilder.

—Miss Sarah McLean, of Maxton, is in the city, the guest of the family of Mr. L. M. McGwin, on Chesnut between Eighth and Ninth streets.

—Mrs. John D. Bellamy, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Eliza, and other members of the family left last evening for a visit to Washington and Baltimore.

—Mr. Hill E. King, of Raleigh, Grand Senior Sagamore of the Great Council of Red Men, passed through the city yesterday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Z. R. Thompson, of Onslow county. He will return to-day in time to attend the meeting of Red Men.

Old Maid's Convention.

The Old Maid's Convention last night at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium furnished an abundance of fun, wit and humor to a large and appreciative audience. It was a benefit performance in behalf of St. Paul's Episcopal church, and was decidedly pleasing and entertaining. A pleasant and laughable feature of the performance was the grand march of bachelors, bearing a sign whereupon was printed "Wife Wanted."

All resolutions and motions adopted as well as pass words, signs, gifts, etc., were characterized by the word "Man."

DIRECTORS' MEETING.

Merchants' Association Board Met in Regular Session Yesterday.

FEW MATTERS OF INTEREST.

Committee on Sleeping Car Service North Reported Compliance With Request of Directors by the A. C. L. Authorities—Other Notes.

Matters of little interest to the general public were discussed at yesterday afternoon's regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association, which was held in its rooms in the Seaboard Air Line building yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Col. W. A. Johnson, president of the association, presided at the meeting and members in attendance were: Messrs. A. B. Skelding, D. C. Love, J. H. Thomas, R. W. Hicks and S. H. Fishblate.

The committee appointed to confer with the Atlantic Coast Line railroad authorities relative to a through sleeping car service between Wilmington and points north made a written report stating that Mr. J. R. Kenly, general manager, had kindly acceded to the request of the association and had now in operation a thoroughly efficient service, the schedule and other matters pertaining to which, were recently announced in the STAR. The train to which the superb buffet sleepers are attached is being liberally patronized by the public, and in this connection it will be well to state that there is every reason to believe that the innovation is proving mutually beneficial to the railroad company and to the travelling public.

The committee of the Association members which brought this matter to the attention of the Atlantic Coast Line people and to which the thanks of the people are due was composed of Mr. James Sprunt, (chairman) Mr. C. W. Worth, Mr. W. E. Springer, Mr. B. H. J. Ahrens, and Mr. E. P. Bailey. The committee in concluding its report asked to be discharged, which was done with a vote of thanks for the duties performed.

Upon motion the secretary, Mr. P. Heinsberger, was instructed to draw up a suitable memorial in honor of the late Col. Roger Moore and present same at the next meeting of the board. Col. Moore was for a number of years an active member of the association, and used his best endeavor towards the promotion of its interests.

The matter of having a bill drawn for presentation to the next regular session of the Legislature incorporating a provision for a more effective collection law was brought up and thoroughly discussed, but no definite action was taken, as there is yet time for further consideration of the matter.

The matter of the endorsement of the bill appropriating $200,000 to the Philadelphia Museum was again considered, and upon motion it was decided that under the present circumstances there is no reason for the board to qualify or withdraw its approval of the measure and favorable recommendation to North Carolina's representatives in the National Congress.

The board adjourned, subject to call of the chairman.

CAPT. WM. S. WARROCK.

Gen. Joe Wheeler, His Former Commander, Adds a Beautiful Tribute to Memory of Departed Comrade.

Mrs. Georgiana Warrock has received from General Joseph Wheeler the following beautiful tribute to the value and worth as a man and soldier of her husband, the late Capt. William Stewart Warrock, who served gallantly during the civil war under the command of the distinguished Southern cavalry leader from whom the letter was received:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5th, 1900.

Mrs. Wm. S. Warrock, Wilmington, N. C.:

MY DEAR MRS. WARROCK—I write to express my great regret at the death of my gallant comrade Captain Warrock, to express my high regard for him as a soldier and a man and my sincere sympathy with you in your sad bereavement. His sterling worth and high character won friends and admirers in every avocation of life. It is sad to see how fast the brave men who fought a third of a century ago are passing away.

With great respect, your friend and servant, JOS. WHEELER.

Breaking Up Disreputable Locality.

Four of the disreputable colored women who infest what is known as "Racket Store" alley, leading from Front between Dock and Orange streets, were arraigned before Mayor pro tem. Springer yesterday morning charged with being common nuisances. There were quite a number of witnesses, including leading property owners in that vicinity, who had previously brought the matter to the attention of the Board of Aldermen, and Mayor Springer gave each of the women thirty days on the streets. It is learned that the property owners renting to these persons will be notified that they will be prosecuted if they continue to rent to the defendants.

On account of the National Democratic Convention to be held in Kansas City, Mo., July 4th, 1900, the Seaboard Air Line offers round trip tickets to that point at one first class fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 1st and 2nd. Final limit July 9th, 1900.

EXCITING RUNAWAY ON MARKET STREET.

Several Ladies Thrown from Mr. Clayton Giles' Carriage Yesterday Afternoon and More or Less Injured.

An exciting runaway was witnessed on Market street yesterday afternoon about five o'clock and one upon which people along that prominent thoroughfare looked with horror, expecting, as they were, each moment to see the several lady occupants of Mr. Clayton Giles' carriage dashed to the pavement and killed. As it resulted, however, no one was seriously injured, but Mrs. Emma Young and her sister, Mrs. Clayton Giles, were severely hurt by being thrown to the street, and Mrs. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., and Miss Carrie Meares, the other occupants, were also thrown from the carriage and slightly injured, to say nothing of the terrible nervous shock necessarily sustained by them all. Mrs. Young was most severely injured, but last night she and Mrs. Giles were resting well. Mrs. Young sustained a severe abrasion on the left arm and was otherwise injured. The carriage was completely demolished near the corner of Front and Market streets by being overturned as the result of being run into the plazd in the middle of the street and it was in this way that the occupants of the vehicle were thrown to the pavement.

Mrs. Giles and party had started to the steamer *Wilmington* upon which they were going on the St. Mary's Guild excursion up the river.

As the horses turned the corner of Third and Market streets a patent attaching the pole to the axle of the vehicle became unfastened and the trappings dropped near the heels of the horses thereby rendering them unableto hold the carriage back on account of the grade down Market street and the impetus gained in coming down Third street at a rather fast gait in order to reach the steamer's wharf before departure of the excursion. The safety strap under the side of the whiffle-tree where the attachment was made, did not break, or else the pole might have been wrung from the axle and the consequences been less serious. The horses ran as far down the street as perhaps fifty feet from Front, where the plaza was encountered and the vehicle overturned as stated.

George Williams, the faithful colored coachman of the family, held manfully to the reins and did all in his power to avert the accident and he was still holding the lines when the carriage wasdemolished and the horses stopped.

The ladies quickly extricated themselves from the wrecked vehicle, so far as they were able, and Mrs. Young was carried into the store of Mr. Robert C. DeRosset, where she and other members of the party were attended by Drs. D. W. Bullock, W. J. and Asa Love and Richard J. Price. Later they were sent to their homes in carriages.

Negro Adjudged Insane.

Henry W. MacLean, a colored barber of this city who has just returned from Boston, was yesterday examined by Col. Jno. D. Taylor and Dr. W. D. McMillan as to his sanity. He was adjudged insane and a fit subject for the State Hospital to which institution he will be sent as soon as possible. MacLean was discovered going about the city purchasing articles in different sections and upon the delivery of same, dismissing the storekeeper with the instructions to charge the amount to the Secretary of State.

It was remarked yesterday that insanity appears to be much on the increase in this section. The authorities have had the examination of a patient every day during the past week and on several days there were applications for as many as two persons for admission into the asylums, all of which institutions are crowded and the officers of which, Col. Taylor informs the STAR, have declined to take more unless some of the less afflicted ones from the county are returned to make room for those that give promise of a possible cure.

Memorial Day.

Yesterday the STAR published the programme of exercises to be observed to-day by the Daughters of the Confederacy in honor of Memorial Day, and there is now every augury of a successful and elaborate celebration.

Members of the Third North Carolina Infantry Association and of Cape Fear Camp No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, will meet at the Lodge in the cemetery at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and the other military organizations of the city, headed by the Second Regiment Band, will march in a body from the Wilmington Light Infantry armory.

Charged With Stealing An Ox.

Daniel H. Cohen, a Brunswick county negro, was arrested by Special Officer S. H. Terry yesterday afternoon upon the charge of having stolen an ox from Robert Hooper, also colored and from Brunswick county. The warrant was issued by Justice Fowler upon affidavit of Tom Clark, colored, and the defendant was committed to jail in default of $50 bond for his appearance at the preliminary examination this morning at 9 o'clock. From the statement of Clark, the negro Cohen stole the ox yesterday and drove him to the city and sold the property to Isham Young, a butcher in one of the Wilmington market houses.

See your agent for rates, schedule, time and all information concerning the Confederate Reunion at Louisville, May 30th—June 3rd, by the Seaboard Air Line Railway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH

County Commissioners Appear Dilatory in Concurring With Aldermen Relative to Joint Election.

As stated in yesterday's STAR there is every reason to believe that complications are arising over the election by the Aldermen of a Superintendent of Health and Visiting Physician, as between the city and county authorities, who have heretofore, by agreement for economy's sake, jointly elected the officers and maintained by appropriation the health office so far as the interests of the two have been in common.

Whether the differences existing are by reason of a division of the duties of the office, which it will be remembered was made at the last meeting of the aldermen, or by reason of the person selected for one or another of the positions, is unknown, but in any event it can be stated with authority that the matter is still in process of adjustment and no definite conclusions have yet been arrived at.

Yesterday afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock, a private conference of two hours duration between the County Commissioners and the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Aldermen was held at the Court House, but those composing the conference refused to disclose the proceedings. All the commissioners were present at the meeting and Mr. Hugh MacRae and Mr. H. P. West, of the Sanitary Committee, were also in attendance, Mr. Jno. H. Hanby, the third member of the committee, being absent Dr. George G. Thomas by request was also in attendance.

After the conference an executive session of the commissioners was held at which Dr. Thomas was also present.

Later, the board met in open session and audited bills for current expenses. The report of County Treasurer H. McL. Green for the past month was received and examined. It is not known when another meeting will be held but it may be perhaps as early as to-day.

GREAT COUNCIL MEETING.

North Carolina Red Men Are Assembling for Session To-day—Past Grand Incohonee Here.

This afternoon at 2.30 o'clock the Great Council for the Reservation of North Carolina, Improved Order o Red Men, will assemble in the hall of Eyota and Cherokee Tribes of the order in this city. It was originally intended to have the session convened at 9.30 o'clock this morning, but a postponement was necessary from the fact that Mr. W. Ben Goodwin, Great Chief of Records, of Elizabeth City, failed to make connection yesterday afternoon at Newbern, and therefore cannot arrive until 12.15 this afternoon.

The officers of the Great Council for the ensuing year will probably be elected at this afternoon's session, and to-night there will be a social session, and probably a public installation of officers of the Great Council.

The musical features of the programme arranged for to-night will be by a select quartette composed of Mr. C. H. Cooper, first tenor; Mr. R. F. Fowler, second tenor; Mr. E. H. Munson, first bass; M. H. K. Holden, second bass; Mr. Percy Munson, piano accompanist. The following will be the order of exercises:

Assembling of Council.
Opening Ode.
Prayer.
"Loves Old Sweet Song," by quartette.
Address of welcome by Capt. J. M. McGowan.
Visitation Ode.
Introduction of Past Grand Incohonee.
Address by Past Grand Incohonee, Charles C. Conley, of Philadelphia.
"Sing Me a Song of the South," by quartette.
Raising of the Great Chiefs.
Prayer.
"The Catastrophe," by quartette.
Benediction.
Refreshments.

Several of the delegates arrived yesterday but the largest crowd is expected to-day. Last evening Mr. Conley, of the Supreme Council, arrived from Philadelphia, as did also Mr. J. M. Bishop, Great Guard of the Wigwam, from Raleigh. During the day the arrivals were Col. J. T. Anthony, of Charlotte, Great Prophet, and Mr. W. S. Liddell, of Charlotte, Great Representative.

Conference Missionary Society.

The twenty-second annual meeting of the North Carolina Conference, Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, will convene in the lecture room of Grace M. E. Church Friday morning at 9.30 o'clock, and there is every indication of a very successful meeting. There will be about seventy-five delegates in attendance, and Miss Blanche Fentress, the recording secretary, has assigned all to homes in the city, where they will be entertained. The pastors of the churches and members of all foreign missionary societies, together with all interested, are invited to attend the meeting.

Ball Game Postponed.

As the Wilmington Light Infantry will participate in the memorial exercises to day, the game of base ball between the teams of that organization and the O. A. N. Society has been postponed, The date for the postponed game will be announced later.

— Col. J. T. Anthony and Mr. W. S. Liddell, of Charlotte, are here to attend the Great Council, Improved Order of Red Men.

HEMENWAY SCHOOL.

"Carolina Day" Appropriately and Delightfully Observed by the Pupils.

AN EXCELLENT PROGRAMME.

There Were Numerous Songs, Solos, Instrumental Selections, Essays and Recitations of Patriotic Sentiments—Many Visitors.

"Carolina Day" was very appropriately observed by the pupils of Hemenway School yesterday.

The stage of the building was very tastefully decorated for the occasion with potted plants, flags and field flowers indigenous to the State. The exercises, very elaborate and fitting, were arranged by Misses Hill, Bernard, Hines and Mrs. McLeod, teachers in the school, and to them is due much credit for the success of the entertainment.

The following was the programme rendered:

Devotional exercises—Led by Mr. Jas. F. Post.
Overture—"Under the Double Eagle," by the Boston String Band.
"America," by the school.
"A short sketch of North Carolina History," by Tom Grant.
"Some of the State's Resources," by Miss Bessie LeGwin.
"Dixie," by the school.
Recitation by Miss Elizabeth Schulken.
"Incidents in North Carolina History," by the fourth grade.
Waltz—"Pride of Washington"—by the Boston String Band.
Recitation by Alvah Stanland.
"Ho, for Carolina," by the school, with Miss Sarah Galloway as accompanist.
Recitation by Miss Mary White.
"State University," (essay) by Utley King.
"Spring Song," by the school.
"State Normal and Industrial College," (essay) Miss Eleanor Elliott.
Solo—"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," by Mr. R. H. Grant.
Solo—"The Tempest," by Mr. R. H. Grant.
"One of North Carolina's Statesmen," (Zeb Vance) by Herbert Lynch.
"State Acrostic," by thirty-two little boys and girls.
"Carolina," by the school.

In this connection it will be noted with interest that Mr. Grant in his selection, "The Tempest," during the progress of the exercises sang the same solo as his first effort many years ago at Tileston Normal School, which is now the Tileston High School.

The "State Acrostic" was one of the most pleasing features of the programme, and it was executed by thirty-two little boys and girls who, each one having a letter, made a little rhyme and placed the letter on a rack, which, when completed, spelled "Carolina, The Old North State Forever." This part of the programme was greatly enjoyed, as was shown by the applause given them.

At the completion of the programme Master Dixie Bohler ascended the stage and publicly thanked Mr. Post, in the name of the school, for the many favors and courtesies shown, and proposed three cheers for him, which were given with great enthusiasm. After a few words, expressing his surprise and appreciation of the compliment, Mr. Post stated that the programme had been completed and that he was very glad to have been with the faculty and students of Hemenway upon the occasion of such a delightful celebration. The pupils of the school were also glad to have with them for "Carolina Day" Mr. John J. Blair, the clever and efficient superintendent of the Wilmington public schools, and Mr. Ed Borden, school committeman of District No. 1. Mr. Post is also a member of the committee for District No. 1.

The faculty and students of Tileston School were also guests of honor upon the occasion, as were also probably as many as five hundred visitors otherwise interested in the school, who were superbly entertained by the rendition of the very excellent programme so delightfully arranged by the principal and teachers in the institution.

To Attend the Reunion.

A meeting of delegates to the reunion of Confederate Veterans at Louisville was held last night in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. The Seaboard Air Line was adopted as the official route by which to attend the reunion and the delegates expect to leave Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., on Monday, May 27th, securing sleeper at Hamlet at 7.00 P. M., and arriving at Atlanta the next morning at 5.15, o'clock. They will leave Atlanta on a special at 7.00 A. M., arriving at Louisville at 3.00 P. M., Tuesday. Those desiring can spend half a day either in Atlanta or Chattanooga, taking a later train, arriving at Louisville at 7.35 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday, May 30th.

Richmond Street Fair.

Mr. J. J. Dancy, one of the promoters of Richmond's big street fair and carnival, May 14-19th inclusive, was here yesterday in the interest of that enterprise. He speaks enthusiastically of the prospects, and being an old North Carolinian formerly of Greenville, he hopes to interest many people of the state in the big event. Reduced rates on all railroads are announced and one thousand magnificent exhibits of every conceivable class are on the programme.

On account of the annual Convention of the Diocese of North Carolina, to be held at Salisbury, May 16th, 1900, the Seaboard Air Line offers round trip tickets to that point at $10.50. Tickets on sale May 15th, 16th and 17th, with final limit May 22nd, 1900.

LYCEUM STOCK COMPANY.

Majority of Members Arrived Last Evening and Others Expected To-day.

Ten members of the Lyceum Stock Company, which will begin a continuous engagement at the Opera House during the Summer, arrived last evening from New York, and will inaugurate the season with a first class bill Monday evening, the box sheet for which entertainment and those of the following week, will be opened at the Opera House this morning.

Among those members of the company who arrived last evening are: Mr. A. E. Daqis, comedian and strong specialist; Mr. W. A. Woodman, Mr. Henry O. Wesley, character comedian and specialty artist; Mrs. Kenny, playing character parts; Prof. Al. Francelle, Miss Alice Lovelace, Miss Edith Gray, Miss Izetta Jewell, and little Miss Hazel Maye.

Mr. W. Al. Somers, the leading man and stage director, on Saturday closed an engagement with the Somers Henderson Stock Company at Johnsonberg, Pa., and will arrive this morning accompanied by several other members of the company.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hands Wanted.

Two hundred Knitting Mill Hands wanted at once at Excelsior Knitting Mills, Union, S. C. Work nice and easy. Healthy locality. Latest improved machinery. Experienced hands earn from $1.00 to $1.75 per day.

EXCELSIOR KNITTING MILLS,
J. H. GAULT,
apr 26 1m Treasurer and Manager.

Special Seacoast Train.

A Special Train will be run over the Seacoast Railroad to-morrow (Thursday), leaving the city for Wrightsville at 10 o'clock A. M., and returning leave the Beach at 11 o'clock A. M. The regular trains will be operated as usual. R. G. GRANT,
my 9 2t Superintendent.

Tin and Sheet Metal Workers.

Roofing, Ship Work. And Stencil Cutting a specialty. OWEN F. LOVE,
CHARLES CHILDS.
my 8 tf No. 6 Princess street.

PRINTER WANTED.

A thoroughly competent newspaper compositor is wanted at the STAR office. Apply personally or by letter. Good recommendations required. STAR,
apr 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Photographic Specialties.

Best Photos at little more than half the usual price. Frames and Easels, and Painted Brooches and Buttons. Original Medallions and Celoxna Panels. Copying and enlarging. Big pay to agents to take orders for enlarging. Come to see us for terms. The Ellis Photo and Enlarging Co., 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. U. C. ELLIS
apr 22 tf Manager.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 tf

MAY 9TH, 1900.

Always Ahead of the List.

Fresh Shrimp at Warren's Cafe To-day.

OPPOSITE MASONIC TEMPLE.
my 10 tf

PURITY, Accuracy and Skill

Are the three essentials in

Compounding Prescriptions.

All of these you get by having your work done at

JAMES D. NUTT'S,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 6 tf

No business Will be transacted

By the Banks of this city Thursday, May 10th.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,
THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
THE NATIONAL BANK OF WILMINGTON.
my 10 1t

- - FOR SALE. - -

One of the very Nicest Cottages on Wrightsville Beach and one that the storm last year did not damage $1.00. It is well situated, and has 8 Bed Rooms and large Dining Room and Sitting Room, Kitchen, Pantry and Ladies' Toilet, with hot and cold water and sewerage. Three Servants' Rooms and Gentlemen's Toilet outside. Tank in Tank House holds 1,500 gallons water. House partly furnished. For price see

W. M. CUMMING,

Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.
my 2 tf ex su

PAPER BAGS AND PAPER.

One Million Paper Bags.
300 Bundles Paper.
100 Rolls Manila Paper.
25,000 Butter Trays.
All the Above Bought Low.
—ALSO—
100 Bbls Rice, low down.
150 Bbls Sugar,
Same in two and five pound bags.
500 Kegs Nails.
400 Bundles Hoop Iron.
GET OUR PRICES.

D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
my 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATEMENT

THE CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York,
CONDITION DECEMBER 31ST, 1899, AS SHOWN BY STATEMENT FILED.

Capital Stock—Authorized, $1,000,000.00; Subscribed, $1,000,000.00; Paid in cash, $1,000,000.00.

Income—From Policy-holders, $3,876,073.89; Miscellaneous, $478.39; Total, $ 4,874,347 58

Disbursements—To Policy-holders, $2,974,159 69, Miscellaneous, $1,790.70; Total, 4,064,929.77

Risks—Written or renewed during Year, $313,214,470.00; In force, 829,194,137 00

ASSETS.

Value of Real Estate (less amount of encumbrances)	$ 1,106,330 00
Value of Stocks and Bonds (United States, State, etc., owned)	7,400,750.00
Loans on Real Estate (first lien on fee-simple)	78,710.00
Interest and rents, due and accrued	61,259.28
Cash in Home Office and deposited Banks	494,148 99
Premiums unpaid	665,743.56
Total	$9,809,660 83
Total admitted Assets	$9,809,660.83

LIABILITIES.

Losses unpaid	$ 324,492.87
Unearned Premiums	3,968,336.70
All other Liabilities as detailed in statement	481,926.15
Total Liabilities as to policy-holders	$ 4,774,665.72
Capital Paid up	1,000,000.00
Surplus beyond all Liabilities	4,034,995.11
Total Liabilities	$ 9,809,660.83

BUSINESS IN NORTH CAROLINA IN 1899.
Risks written, $1,836,746 00; Premiums received, $27,836.01.
Losses incurred, $9,706.20; Paid, 9,792 66.

President—F. C. MOORE.
Secretary—EDWARD LANNING.
Home office, 45 Cedar street, New York City.
General Agent for service, W. W. HARRISS, Wilmington, N. C.
Business Manager for North Carolina, from Home Office.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, April 3, 1900.

I, JAMES R. YOUNG, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1899.

Witness my hand and official seal, the day and date above written.

JAMES R. YOUNG,
my 10 2t Insurance Commissioner.

Quality, Prices,

Are the

Consideration in Buying Flour.

"Q" "Q" "Q" FLOUR

Has stood the Test of twelve years, and its reputation has earned for it the top notch of popularity. Our confidence in it and its consistency for so many years justifies our guaranteeing every package.

WE SOLICIT A TRIAL.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Sole Agents.

WHOLESALE ONLY.
apr 22 tf

NOTICE OF SERVICE BY PUBLICATION.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

PETITION TO SELL LAND FOR TAXES.

The City of Wilmington
vs.
Jane E. Costin, Miles F. Costin, Cornelia Costin, W. T. Costin, W. B. Costin, George Costin, Bertha Costin, Frances Williams, Thomas Williams, Jane Lablanx, Jno. C. Davis, H. L. Pentress.

The defendants, W. T. Costin, W. B. Costin, Geo. Costin, Bertha Costin, Frances Williams, Thomas Williams, Jane Lablanx, Jno. C. Davis, above named, will take notice that the summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendants on the day of May, 1900, issuing out of the Superior Court of said county, which summons is returnable before the Judge of said court, at a stated term thereof, to be held in the Court House in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1900, it being the 24th day of September, 1900, at which time and place the said defendants are required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint herein filed, or the relief demanded will be granted.

And the said defendants will take notice that this is an action for the enforcement of the collection of taxes assessed upon certain realty, and for the foreclosure of the lein of the same, situate within the city of Wilmington and county and state aforesaid and particularly described in the complaint herein.

This 9th day of May, 1900.

JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county.
IREDELL MEARES,
Attorney for Plaintiff. th my 10 6t

Hoffman Brand Rosindale

CEMENT,

now on hand.

Germania Portland Cement, Anchor Lime, Plaster, Hair, Nails.

We have a small quantity of 218

LUMBER,

Heart Pine.

A Complete Stock of Heavy Groceries.

THE WORTH CO.
my 4 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

ILLINOIS CREAMERY BUTTER, 20c lb.

A fine article for cooking.

Apricots, Prunes, Evaporated Peaches and Apples.

Agent for Tate Springs Water.

S. W. SANDERS.
my 6 tf

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency

Offers best facilities for handling Desirable Real Estate. Special attention to City Property, Timbered Lands and desirable Farms. We have arrangements for the sale of a few large tracts of Land for farming purposes, consisting of from 3,000 to 5,000 acres. This property is wanted on a railroad. Send us a list of the property you have for sale.

For terms, &c., address
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
apr 22 tf Burgaw, N. C.

1900		MAY				1900
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	6	8:39 a. m.	Third Quarter	21	3:31 p. m.
Full Moon	14	10:36 a.m.	New Moon	28	9:50 a. m.

The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 10.

For White Supremacy.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor:
CHARLES B. AYCOCK, of Wayne.

Lieutenant-Governor:
WILFRED D. TURNER, of Iredell.

Secretary of State:
J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt.

Treasurer:
BENJAMIN R. LACY, of Wake.

Auditor:
B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland.

Attorney-General:
ROBERT D. GILMER, of Haywood.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing:
H. B. VARNER of Davidson.

Corporation Commissioners:
FRANKLIN M'NEILL, of New Hanover.
SAMUEL L. ROGERS of Macon.

Superintendent Public Instruction:
THOMAS F. TOON, of Robeson.

Commissioner of Agriculture:
SAMUEL L. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Judge of the Tenth District:
W. B. COUNCILL, of Watauga.

WHITE SUPREMACY IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

South Carolina was the first of the Southern States to declare for and establish white supremacy, a task that was anything but encouraging for those who contemplated the possible difficulties in the way, but the men who undertook it were no ordinary men, but men with nerve of steel and indomitable will. If they had not been they would not have undertaken it. That was nearly twenty-five years ago, when the State was under the rule of the unscrupulous Northern adventurer and his equally unscrupulous native white associate, and when there were in the State thirty thousand more negro than white voters. With the white men of that State it was white supremacy or submission to negro domination with all that this implied, but determined to win or to force military rule, which was preferable to the mongrel rule of the negro, the political adventurer and the white scalawag, they threw forms to the winds, threw themselves on their manhood and won.

Senator Tillman, who is nothing if not candid, has just written a paper, which is published in *Frank Leslie's Weekly*, telling, with what the New York *Sun* calls "amazing frankness," how the contest for white supremacy was waged and won. Of course organization and determination were necessary to win, and the white men were organized. They resolved to give whatever time was necessary to the cause and to stand together in solid phalanx in any emergency that might arise. Therefore they organized, and chose their leaders, men in whose courage they had implicit confidence. They chose as a uniform the red shirt that they might be easily distinguished and know each other on sight, whether personally acquainted or not. General Mart Gary was the commander of the red shirts. A sufficient number of these accompanied General Hampton, who was candidate for governor against Chamberlain, the Radical, who was a candidate for re-election. Other red shirts, all mounted and armed, rode across the country from court house to court house to be present at the public meetings.

The first appearance of the red shirts was at Edgefield, where Chamberlain had a meeting, and where 1,500 red shirted men suddenly appeared on horse back to the surprise of Chamberlain and his negro followers and demanded a division of time with the Democratic speakers. This was granted because under the circumstances it couldn't be very well refused, and then the Democratic speakers, then and there, peeled the hide, figuratively speaking, off of Chamberlain, to the utter astonishment of his black dupes who had never seen anything like that before. They didn't think anybody would have the audacity to undertake and the ability to skin their man. With this initial experience Chamberlain and his black cohorts became cowed, and the effect throughout the State on whites and blacks was electrical, inspiring the whites with confidence and the leaders of the blacks and the blacks with awe. After the next meeting at Midway, about a week later, which was a repetition of the Edgefield meeting, Chamberlain abandoned the canvass. Two meetings gave him all he wanted of that kind of amusement. That was practically the end of the canvass as far as speaking by the Radicals went, but the negroes carried it on in their own way and Senator Tillman thus tells us how: "As the election approached the sky at night was lit up by the light of blazing gin houses, the work of incendiaries." He relates the rest of the story thus:

Having such a large majority to overcome and knowing that in only about two-thirds of the State the whites were enthused, there were no scruples on election day as to how the votes got into the boxes and how many times a man voted, or whether the negroes were allowed to vote—as they were not in many instances. The people were wrought up to such a pitch of desperation that life was not worth having upon the conditions which existed. It was openly declared to be the purpose to have a white man's government or a military government, and in those counties where the troops were stationed the Democratic majorities were greatest. At the election Hampton had most votes and was declared elected, but Grant sustained Chamberlain's claim, and the troops held the State House from the first week in December until after Hayes was inaugurated, in March following.

"There was a dual government and a dual Legislature, but Hampton's government alone received any money from the tax payers, and the settlement of Hayes's title to the Presidency by the Electoral Commission carried with it the agreement to withdraw the troops. Then the carpet-bag government collapsed in a night, and each thief who could get away hurriedly left the State. The work of rehabilitation and restoration was slow. The State's credit was for the time ruined, but with labor and patience order soon came out of chaos, the debt was refunded, and all legal obligations met; honest Judges took the place of bribe takers who had disgraced the bench. There were so many indictments in the State courts against the county officers, legislators and other Republicans that by arrests and resignations nearly all the offices were soon in the hands of decent white men. There were hundreds of indictments against white men in the United States courts for riot, murder, intimidation, &c., and finally an understanding was reached that the whites would make an exchange of prisoners, so to speak, and all prosecutions on both sides were dropped.

"In the campaign of 1878 there was a more or less determined effort on the part of the negroes to regain their lost power, but the whites swept everything by the same methods used in 1876, in a modified degree. It did not require as drastic measures to hold the State as it had to capture it. In 1880 the negroes made a feeble, spasmodic attempt, and then, with the enactment of a registration law and the 'Eight Box law,' which was a modified form of educational qualification, all organized effort to overthrow the white or Democratic party ceased; and from that time until 1895, when the new Constitution requiring a new qualification for suffrage was adopted, the negro vote ceased to be a factor in South Carolina politics. Very many of them never took the trouble to go to the polls at all, and when they did go it made no difference. In 1876 the whites had voted, along with the negroes, for a Constitutional two-mill school tax. In 1895 the convention, composed of 154 whites and six negroes, increased this to three mills. South Carolina now leads the South in education and manufactures. Its credit is such that its 4½ per cent. bonds are at 120. Its negro population is happy and contented as prosperous as that in any other State in the Union."

This is a very frank statement of the stern methods to which the white men of that State had recourse to rescue the State from black domination, and a condition to which, as he says, military rule or death would be preferable.

To question these methods and decide fairly one must put himself in their place and feel, as they felt, the imperative necessity of doing anything and everything to rescue the State from that horrid condition.

We are, twenty-five years later than South Carolina, trying to do what her brave white sons did then. Fortunately it is not necessary for us to resort to the extreme methods they did, for we can accomplish by peaceful and lawful methods what they could not. In this we are fortunate, as we will also be fortunate if we stand together as did the white men of our sister State, and now, while we have the opportunity, settle for all time this race question and permanently establish white supremacy. No one will question that the result has been happy for South Carolina and her white people, and Senator Tillman tells us that "the negro population is happy and contented and as prosperous as that in any other State in the Union." So it will be for both races in North Carolina, if the constitutional amendment be ratified by the people.

Some men can't stand prosperity. Joseph Brecht, who had been in the employment of the Havemeyer sugar house in New York, at a salary of $12.50 a week, became so depressed at an assignment to a higher position with a larger salary that he hanged himself, after brooding over it for a week.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, and get a 10c trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded. †

NO WHITE MAN DISFRANCHISED

With the hope of building up opposition to the constitutional amendment, its opponents, led by Senators Pritchard and Butler, are trying to make illiterate white voters believe that they will be disfranchised if the amendment is adopted. They know there is not a particle of truth in this, but they are asserting it and playing this as one of their big cards in the game. They know that under this amendment every white man in the State who is now entitled to a vote will continue to be a voter, and they know, too, that every white boy who comes of age before 1908 and registers will become a voter and continue to vote. After 1908 it will be necessary for those coming of age to be able to read and write, but this gives ample time for every white boy growing up to learn to read and write.

What transparent folly it would be for men who are contending for white supremacy to disfranchise their own people and leave the ballot box open to the negroes. The assertion carries its absurdity with it.

But they say it will be declared unconstitutional because it discriminates against the negroes. This is not true. It does not discriminate against the negroes, for any negro who was entitled to vote in 1867 in this or any other State, or the lineal descendant of such negro, will be entitled to vote, so that there is no discrimination on that ground. There may be very few of these, but the fact that they are not debarred from voting knocks out the discrimination objection.

There is not the slightest danger of that section being declared unconstitutional by the courts, without so declaring the other section, for they are so coupled that they must stand or fall together. This is in accordance with the opinions of courts on germane questions, and is the opinion of the ablest lawyers who have studied this question.

BECOMING CONCERNED.

Mr. Wm. Curtis, Washington staff correspondent of the Chicago *Record*, is a Republican, but in his letter he tells things as he sees them. According to him the Republicans in Washington are much concerned about the conditions in some of the Western States, a concern which has been considerably increased by the results of some of the recent elections. Speaking of Minnesota, he says:

"The original object of the Porto Rican tariff bill was to save Connecticut to the Republican party, but the consequence may be to lose Minnesota, if the result of the municipal election in St. Paul is an indication of sentiment throughout that State. There is also much dissatisfaction in Minnesota, it is said, because of the failure of Congress to ratify the reciprocity treaties which have been pending all winter, for they promise to extend our markets for wheat, flour and other cereals. The Republican leaders are showing much concern on this subject, as well as the Senators and Representatives from that State."

The conditions existing in Minnesota do not differ very materially from the conditions existing in some of the other Western States, which have as much reason to be disgusted with the Porto Rican infamy as Minnesota has, and are as much interested in reciprocity as that State is. There are in several of those States a very large number of adopted citizens who are opposed to the policies of this administration in respect to our new acquisitions, to its virtual alliance with Great Britain, and its poorly disguised sympathy with Great Britain in its war against the Transvaal Republics, and they are numerous enough to hold the balance of power and control elections.

HE IS WHITE.

We do not know Mr. T. N. Cash, of Granville county, but he is white. Having seen his name published as a delegate to Marion Butler's convention at Raleigh, he sent the Oxford *Ledger* the following:

"I noticed that my name appeared as delegate to the Populist Convention at Raleigh last week, and it is a pleasure to me to state that I am a white man and for white supremacy as every true white man should be, and hence do not take any stock in the Rep-Pop anti amendment wing as run by Peace, Dalby and Co. I will state that I believe in true Populist principles, which carry with it a true white man's government and not Bill Roster negro rule, in order that a few men like Peace, Dalby, Brown, Gozart, Hover, Gill, etc., should occupy cushioned seats at the pie counter."

Mr. Cash has caught on to the inwardness of the manipulations of M. Butler & Co. and isn't going to be ringed and led or driven by that political combine. There are thousands of other level headed Populists in North Carolina who see through their schemes as Mr. Cash does and will stand with their Democratic fellow citizens, as he does, for white supremacy.

Brave Men Fall

Victims of the stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the result in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BOOK NOTICES.

The Sanitarian for May presents an interesting and valuable list of contents, which may be read with profit, embracing a paper, "Camp and Out door Life as an Aid to the Permanent Cure of Tuberculosis," by Dr. Bassett Keyes, of Chicago. There is another paper in which mothers will be interested, on "Hens' Eggs in Infant Feeding." Address A. N. Bell, M. D. Editor, 337 Clinton street, Brooklyn.

The Cross or the Pound—Which? is the title of a very interesting volume, on the modernization of civilization in India with application to the Hindu and Hinduism, by Major Pangborn. It throws much light on the Hindus, their religious and other customs, presented in a free and easy style, making a book of 281 pages, clearly printed and neatly bound in paper. Published by The W. I. Washburn Company, Baltimore, Md. The American News Company, New York, publishers' agents

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It was noticed that while Chicago was spreading herself to celebrate Dewey's victory in Manila Bay, there wasn't a bit of bunting visible about the department buildings in Washington. This is construed as indicative of the feeling towards Dewey since he has hopped into the Presidential ring. They are probably sorry that he sank that Spanish fleet.

The Samoans are catching on to civilization. In a rumpus there recently over a game of cricket, the umpire, to whose decision objection was taken, was killed and with him ten of the players and spectators. They play lively games over there, and seem to be in dead earnest about it.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Waynesville *Courier*: The fruit outlook in Haywood county and in Western North Carolina is the best we have had for many years. The apple trees are in such full bloom that our people will be compelled to prop up their trees.

— Raleigh *Post*: Linch Jackson and son, W. G., or General, were killed Tuesday morning by the Southern Railway freight from Asheville to Salisbury. They were lying on the track and were probably drunk. Their heads were cut off and their bodies mangled.

— Winston *Journal*: Monday morning at nine o'clock while Paul Redmond was at the top of one of the electric light poles in front of the Belo house arranging some wires he caught hold of one of the side arms when it gave way under his weight, letting him fall to the pavement below striking on his head and shoulder, breaking his arm. He was picked up in an unconscious state and conveyed to the Twin City Hospital. We learn that it is thought that he will recover. Should he get all right without serious hurt to him it will be regarded as a marvelous escape.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: The superintendent of the Ashley-Bailey silk mill, called at the residences of Mayor Cook, Mr. A. H. Slocomb, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and Col. A. B. Williams, chairman of the Board of county commissioners, Monday evening and presented to each one of these gentlemen, on behalf of the owners, a roll of finished silk cloth, the first finely finished product of the splendid factory here. It was beautifully figured and is of a good quality of silk. Thus the manufacture of silk goods in Fayetteville is now well under way, with every indication that it will be a most prosperous venture.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: An enthusiastic Democrat was unable to vote Monday for the reason that he had not been a resident of Greensboro long enough to register. He was very solicitous in regard to the fate of the ticket, and remarked to some friends that he would vote, even if he was unable to cast a ballot. Taking a straight ticket he went to a friend of the opposition and proposed that, for the fun of the thing, they swap votes. The suggestion struck the independent voter, who agreed to exchange. He voted the straight Democratic ticket and stood aside to see the Democrat vote the Citizen's ticket. When the Democrat was not allowed to vote, the supporter of the Citizen's ticket saw through the trick that had been played him, but it was then too late to mend matters.

TWINKLINGS.

— Foiled—"So the elopement on the automobile was nipped in the bud?" "Yes, the old man hid the gasoline can."—*Syracuse Herald.*

— Just Her Makeup: "The bearded woman has lost all her money." "That's two bad. But, then, I'm sure she will be able to face misfortune like a man."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Estelle—"I don't see why you buy two of those expensive pairs of antique snuffers when we have only one antique candlestick." "Well, mercy me, Edgar, can't I buy another candlestick?"—*Chicago Record.*

— Ominous—The Arizona editor who divides his spare hours between reading Kipling and cleaning his guns has just hung this neat placard on the north wall of his sanctum: "Don't submit spring poetry lest we forget."

— "Do you believe that those who can sing and won't sing should be made to sing, Mr. Sourdrop?" asked Miss Schreecher, with a coy glance toward the piano. "No, I believe in letting well enough alone," said the mean old thing.—Baltimore American.

— The heavy guns were trained. "Why this delay?" thundered the General. "The moving-picture operators have signaled that their machine is out of order," elucidated the Colonel. "Then the battle is called off! Order our forces to spend the rest of the day washing their shirts!"

— "So No. 506 has been trying to break out, has he? Put him on bread and water every alternate day for a week." "But he is on bread and water every day already, my commandant." "Then read to him for an hour every morning from a cookery book."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Pennington—"Two of my latest poems appeared in the last issue of *Duffer's Magazine*." Inkerly—"Yes, I noticed them." Pennington—"And what did you think of them?" Inkerly—"Well, to be candid, I thought the first awfully simple and the second simply awful."

— Old Money Bags—"Would you believe it, sir, but I alone am responsible for Col. Bodkin's military standing!" Friend—"Your influence pushed him to the front, I presume?" Old Money Bags—"Well—er—no, not exactly; he—aw—went to war as my substitute."

CURRENT COMMENT.

— Democracy in Alabama seems to have delivered Populism in this state a knock-out blow, judging by the slim attendance and lack of enthusiasm displayed by the adherents of that party in their state convention at Birmingham.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

— The purchase of Georgia gold mines and the preparations to work them on a large scale continue. More than a score of gold mines are now being worked in this state. Both the number of the mines and the value of their output will increase largely this year.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

— "No Republican worthy of the name," says a great Republican paper, "can doubt the purpose and ability of a Republican President and Congress to establish good government wherever the flag floats." Of course not. The history of reconstruction in this country and of construction in Hawaii and Porto Rico make such a doubt absurd.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

— The proclamation of General Otis for the establishment of municipal government in the Philippines on a popular basis goes far to obviate the present need of passing Senator Spooner's bill for the civil administration of affairs on that archipelago. So far as the proclamation is concerned, the only practical difficulty in its way is in finding municipalities that are willing to try this experiment in local self-government. According to an Administration authority the control of this Government over the island of Luzon eqtends no farther than the range of our cannon.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		5½	17
Standard		7	7½
Burlaps		6¾	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔		12½	13
Sides ℔ ℔		8	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		8	8
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		7¼	7¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		7¼	7¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		1 40	1 40
New New York, each		1 40	1 50
New City, each		1 40	1 50
BEESWAX ℔ ℔			25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M		6 75	7 00
Northern ℔ M		9 00	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔		20	25
Northern		25	30
CORN MEAL—			
For bushel, in sacks		53	55
Virginia Meal		53	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		1 25	1 35
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm		12	25
Adamantine		8	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory		12	13
Dairy Cream		13½	14
State		11½	13
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra		13	16
Rio		9½	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard			8½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s			70
EGGS—℔ dozen		10	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel		20 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl		11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel		16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl		9 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel		13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		3 75	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel			3 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg		3 00	3 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		5	6
" Extra		4 25	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade			3 00
Choice			3 75
Straight		3 85	4 00
First Patent		4 25	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔		10½	11½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White			58
Car-load, in bgs—White		52	53½
Oats, from store		40	45
Oats, Rust Proof			45
Cow Peas		80	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted			6½
Dry flint		10	12½
Dry salt			9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay			1 00
Rice Straw		40	50
Eastern		90	1 00
Western		90	1 00
North River		80	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		3½	4½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern		7	8½
North Carolina		6	10
LIME ℔ barrel		1 10	1 15
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, rosewood		18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank		15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality		13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, assorted		18 00	20 00
Scantling and Board, com'n		14 00	15 00
Common mill		5 00	6 50
Fair mill		8 00	9 00
Prime mill		8 00	10 00
Extra mill		10 00	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads			35
Barbadoes, in barrels			38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		32	36
Porto Rico, in barrels		36	39½
Sugar House, in hogsheads		13	14
Sugar House, in barrels		14	15
Syrup, in barrels		15	25
NAILS, ℔ keg—Cut, 60d basis		2 50	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		13 00	13 50
Rump		11 50	12 00
Prime		11 00	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔		10	10
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum			1 25
Liverpool		90	95
American		85	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks			60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M		5 00	6 50
Common		1 50	2 25
Cypress Saps		2 50	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard dran'd			5½
Standard A			5½
White Extra C			5¼
Extra C, Golden			4¾
C Yellow			4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		3½	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel		6 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead			10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		9 00	10 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart		7 50	8 00
" Sap		5 00	5 50
5x20 Heart		3 00	3 50
" Sap		2 00	2 50
6x24 Heart		6 00	6 50
" Sap		4 00	4 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔			4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern		1 00	1 00
North Carolina		1 25	1 25
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed		15	16

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Cures Coughs and Colds

cures them quicker and better than any cough mixture ever made. It does more. It enriches the blood, strengthens mind and body, gives vigor and vitality. Cough mixtures won't do this, nor will they cure deep-seated, stubborn coughs.

Scott's Emulsion will. Try it! All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

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GENERAL JOE WHEELER

PRAISES PE-RU-NA FOR CATARRH.

JOE WHEELER'S CHARGE AT SAN JUAN HILL.

Major General Joseph Wheeler, commanding the cavalry forces in front of Santiago and the author of "The Santiago Campaign," in speaking of the great catarrh remedy, Pe-ru-na, says: "I join with Senators Sullivan, Roach and McEnery in their good opinion of Pe-ru-na. It is recommended to me by those who have used it as an excellent tonic and particularly effective as a cure for catarrh."

United States Senator McEnery.

Hon. S. D. McEnery, United States Senator from Louisiana, says the following in regard to Pe-ru-na:

"Pe-ru-na is an excellent tonic. I have used it sufficiently to say that I believe it to be all that you claim for it. —S. D. McEnery, New Orleans, Louisiana."

United States Senator Sullivan.

"I desire to say that I have been taking Pe-ru-na for some time for catarrh, and have found it an excellent medicine, giving me more relief than anything I have ever taken.—W. V. Sullivan, Oxford, Miss."

United States Senator Roach.

"Persuaded by a friend I have used Pe-ru-na as a tonic, and am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh. —W. N. Roach, Larimore, North Dakota."

A free book on catarrh sent to any address by The Pe-ru-na Drug M'f'g Co, Columbus, Ohio.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 47¼ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 46¾ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.85 per barrel for hard, $3.90 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Holiday.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	43
Rosin	41
Tar	69
Crude turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year.—33 casks spirits turpentine, 270 bbls rosin, 59 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 13 16 cts. ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	8¼ " "
Low middling	8 13-16 " "
Middling	9¼ " "
Good middling	9¾ " "

Same day last year—Holiday.

Receipts—238 bales; same day last year, 22.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c. Virginia—Prime 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm, 53 to 53½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 55 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to $5.00, seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

LOCAL SECURITIES.

Quotations on local securities, furnished and regularly corrected by Hugh MacRae & Co.:

STOCKS.

	BID.	ASKED.
A. C. L. of Conn., 5 per ct. Certs	119	119½
A. C. L. of Conn., stock	230	235
A. C. L. new preferred W. I.	104	105½
A. C. L. of S. C.	102	110
A. C. L. new Common. W. I.	54½	57
Wilmington & Weldon	338	345
W. & W. 7 per ct Certs	140	144
N. C. R. R.	167	181
Wilmington Compress Co		10
Delgado Mills	110	112
Wilmington Cotton Mills, pfd	110	115
Wilmington Gas Light Co	70	74
Carolina Insurance Co	110	
Underwriters' Insurance Co	106	
National Bank of Wilmington	110	115
Atlantic National Bank	300	
Murchison National Bank	113½	
Wil. Savings & Trust Co	200	
Bine Ridge National Bank	110	113½
Wilmington Manufacturing Co., preferred	100	105
Abbeville Cotton Mills	101	110
Southern Cotton Mills		101
Piedmont Manufacturing Co	265	270
Pacolet Manufacturing Co	250	
F. W. Poe Manufacturing Co	128	132
Anderson Cotton Mills	128	132
Palmer Manufacturing Co	185	200
Union Cotton Mills, preferred	100	105
Avondale Cotton Mills		99½
Grendel Cotton Mills	105	110
Clifton Manufacturing Co	190	200
Orr Manufacturing Co	103	105

BONDS.

U. S. 3's 1908–1918, con	109	109¾
N. C. 4's	106¼	107½
N. C. 6's	130	137
City Wilm. con. 5's, gold, 1920	112	115
City Wilm. con. 5's, car	100	
City Wilm. 5's 1919	100	
City Wilm. 6's	101	103
Masonic Temple 1st 6's	105	
Masonic Temple 2d 6's		100½
Wilmington Compress Co.'s 5's	85	
Wilmington & Weldon 6's	119	119½
A. C. L. 6's	100	
N. H. County 5's, gold		103½
City of Wilmington 4's, 1909	102	103½

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent.; last loan 2¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼ for demand and 484½ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485¼ and 489@489¼. Commercial bills 483¼@484. Silver certificates 60@60¾. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 47¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. refunding 2's 103¼; U. S. 2's, reg'd, 99¼; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 114½; do. coupon, 114½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113½; do. coupon, 113½; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 106; Southern R'y 5's 113. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 76¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 27½; Manhattan L 91¼; New York Central 131¾; Reading 17; do. 1st prefer'd 55½; St. Paul 116½; do. preferred 173¼; Southern Railway 13½; do. pref'd 54¼; American Tobacco, 100; do. pref'd 130; People's Gas 100¼; Sugar 118½; do. pref'd 111; T. C. & Iron 78¾; U. S. Leather 11¼; do. preferred 69¼; Western Union 81.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Rosin was steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, May 9.—Spirits turpentine was steady at 47c; sales —casks. Rosin quiet; sales 100 barrels. Quote: C, D $1 15; E $1 20; F, $1 25; G, $1 35; H, $1 50; I, $1 60; K, $1 65; M, $7 05; N, $3 20; W G, $3 35; W W, $3 55.

SAVANNAH, May 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47¾c; sales 686 casks; receipts 1,853 casks; exports 336 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 856 barrels; receipts 2,795 barrels; exports 423 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The cotton market was quiet to day. The market started with the present crop months one to two points higher on better British advices, the feature of the latter being large spot sales at full prices. New crop positions opened off one to two points, under reports of general improvement in affairs in the belt. Up to midday there was little further change in values, but early in the afternoon good weather predictions and promise of larger receipts brought out considerable long cotton and led to fairly active short selling. Prices gave way sharply to this pressure and failed to fully recover much up to the close. The market was finally quiet, with prices one point higher to two points net lower.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Cotton was quiet; middling uplands 9¾c.

Cotton futures market closed quiet: May 9.67, June 9.51, July 9.48, August 9.22, September 8.51, October 8.26, November 8.05, December 8.04, January 8.05, February 8.07; March 8.10.

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 9¾c; middling gulf 10¼c; sales 1,680 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,686 bales; stock 76,846 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,863; exports to the Continent 2,144 bales; stock 364,092 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 18,885 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,500 bales; exports to France 242 bales, exports to the Continent 18,521 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,221,320 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,061,967 bales; exports to France 674,188 bales; exports to the Continent 2,451,385 bales.

May 9—Galveston, steady at 9¾c, net receipts 353 bales; Norfolk, firm at 9¾, net receipts 238 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9¾, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 9¾c, net receipts 764 bales; Wilmington, firm at 9¼c, net receipts 228 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10¼c, net receipts 165 bales; Savannah, quiet at 9 7-16, net receipts 886 bales; New Orleans, quiet and easy at 9¾c, net receipts 1,509 bales; Mobile, nominal at 9 5-16c, net receipts 1 bale; Memphis, quiet at 9 5-16c, net receipts 103 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9¾c, net receipts 28 bales; Charleston, quiet at 9½c, net receipts 48 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Flour was in better inquiry for winter straights and spring patents at old prices, with mills holding firm. Choice bakers also were in good demand. Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 79½c. Options opened steady and were sustained during the forenoon by steady cables of a bullish government report and moderate covering. Weakness developed subsequently and on large deliveries of contract wheat, and a smash in the May option. Closed easy at ½@⅝c net decline. No. 2 red May closed 71½c; July 72⅜c; September 78¼c. Corn—Spot weak; No. 2 44½. Options opened steady with wheat, but afterwards turned heavy, especially on May, owing to free deliveries and weakness abroad. Closed weak at ½@⅝c net decline. May closed 43½c; July 44½c; September 44½c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 37¾c; options slow and entirely nominal. Lard firm; refined quiet; South American $8 00; continent $7 40. Pork quiet. Tallow

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Peppermint
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Worm Seed
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Chas. H. Fletcher.
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Schedule in Effect Nov. 5, 1899.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington daily at 3:05 P. M., Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:24 P. M., arriving at Hamlet 6:53 P. M., where connection is made with trains for Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South, Southeast and Southwest. also with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M. Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 A. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 3:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Ruther fordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:55 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 5:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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MAN AND HIS BEARD.

SOME ANCIENT BELIEFS ABOUT HAIR ON THE FACE.

Vigor of Mind and Body Was Supposed to Depend on the Strength of the Hirsute Growth—Antiquity of the Practice of Shaving.

Who first introduced among civilized men the tonsure of the chin? The shaven polls and faces of ecclesiastics date from the time of Pope Anacletus, who introduced the custom upon the same literal authority of Scripture that still causes women to wear bonnets in churches, that they may not pray uncovered. Is it not a little suggestive that women obey this order of St. Paul's with so much readiness and yet invade the ministry of the church, from which they are explicitly debarred by the sine qua non that such an officer "must be the husband of one wife?" Until "the new woman" has accomplished this extraordinary feat it seems very naughty of her to be a "Rev." But to proceed: St. Paul in the same chapter asks the Corinthians, "Doth not nature itself teach you that if a man have long hair it is a shame unto him?" Pope Anacletus proposed, therefore, to remove all shame from churchmen by ordering them to go shaven and shorn altogether.

The shaving of the beard by laymen was, however, a practice much more ancient. The Greeks taught shaving to the Romans, and Pliny records that the first Greek barbers were taken from Sicily to Rome by Publius Ticinius, in the four hundred and fifty-fourth year of the building of the city. The Greeks, however—certainly it was so with them in the time of Alexander—seem to have been disposed to use their barber more for pruning and trimming than for the complete removal of the beard and of that ornament upon the upper lip which they called the mystax and which we call, using the same name they gave to it, slightly corrupted, mustache. In the best days of Greece few but philosophers wore unpruned beards.

A large flowing beard and a large flowing mantle were in those times as natural and essentially a part of the business of a philosopher as a striped pole is in these days the sign of a barber. The idea that there existed a connection between a man's vigor of mind and body and the vigor of growth in his beard was confirmed by the fact that Socrates, the wisest of the Greek philosophers, earned pre-eminently the title of "the Bearded."

Among races of men capable of growing rich crops on the chin the beard has always been regarded more or less as a type of power. In the world's history the bearded races have at all times been the most important factors, and there is no part of the body which, as a whole, they have shown more readiness to honor. In strict accord with that feeling the strength of Samson was made to rest in his hair. The beard became naturally honored, inasmuch as it is a characteristic feature of man only in the best years of his life, when he is capable of putting forth his independent energies. As years multiply and judgment ripens the beard grows, and with it grows, or ought to grow, every man's title to respect. Gray beards became thus so closely connected with the idea of mature discretion that they were taken often as its sign of cause, and thus it was fabled of the wise King Numa that he was gray haired even in his youth.

To revert to the subject of shaving, Tacitus says that in his time Germans cut their beards. In our time, among that people, the growth of a beard, or at least of a good mystax, or mustache, had come by the year 1848 to be regarded so much as a mark of aristocracy that after the revolution of that year the Germans took to the obliteration of the vain mark of distinction by growing hair on their chins and upper lips. Hairs have thus been made significant in a new way. There is scarcely an army in Europe that is not subject to some regulations that affect the beard and mustache.

The honor of the mustache is cherished particularly in Hungary, and a length of nearly half a yard is not uncommon. Sismondi speaks of a Venetian magnate whose beard was so long the wearer had to lift it up when he walked to prevent tripping over it. The hair of a man's head is generally finer than that on the head of women, and if left uncut would not grow nearly to the same length. A woman's back hair is an appurtenance entirely and naturally feminine. Shaving compels the hair to grow at an undue rate. In the course of a year a man shaves off about 6½ inches of beard, so that a man of 80 would have cut off in the course of his life a 27 foot beard, 20 feet more perhaps than had he left his beard alone.

Sir Charles Bell, in his essay on expression, observes that no one who has been at an assembly of bearded men can have failed to have remark the greater variety and force of the expression they are able to convey. What can be more portentous, for example, than to see the brow cloud and the eye flash and the nostrils dilate over a beard curling visibly with anger? How ill does a smooth chin support at any time the character assumed by the remainder of the face, except it be a character of sanctimonious oiliness that does not belong honestly to man or such a pretty chin as makes the charm that should belong to women only or to a child. Therefore it is pertinent to ask: Why do we shave our beards? Why are we a bare chinned people?

That the hair upon the face of man was given to him for sufficient reason it will take but very little time to show. It has various uses, physiological and mechanical. To take a physiological use first, the fact may be pointed out that the formation of hair is one method of extruding carbon from the system and that the external hairs aid in their own way in the work that has been done by the internal lungs. Their use in this respect is not lessened by shaving. On the contrary, the elimination of carbon through the hairs of the face is made to go on with unnatural activity because the natural effort to cover the chin with hair is increased in the vain struggle to remove the state of an artificial baldness, and the production of hair on the chin is at least quadrupled by the use of the razor. The natural balance is destroyed in this way. We have all had too much opportunity for noticing how, in people whose lungs are constitutionally weak as in people with consumptive tendencies, the growth of hair is excessive, even to the eyelashes. A skin covered with downy hair is one of the marks of a scrofulous child, and who has not been saddened by the long eyelashes over the lustrous eye of the consumptive girl!—Philadelphia Record.

Recovered Her Dignity.

Many years ago Queen Victoria paid a visit to Parkhurst Female Convict prison. As soon as she entered the women's great ward, accompanied by Mrs. Gibson, the then handsome and stately superintendent, a great silence fell upon the vast assemblage of her suffering and erring sisters. Her majesty was greatly affected. And then an indescribable scene ensued. "The queen!" cried the poor convicts. "It's the queen herself! She'll pardon us! She'll set us free!" And, screaming and crying, they prostrated themselves at her feet.

For a few moments the queen lost her nerve and begged her attendants to clear a way for her to an adjoining room. Half an hour elapsed. Suddenly the door of the great room was thrown open again, and her majesty, with supreme dignity, with an unutterable farawayness about her and every inch a queen, walked through the women, now hushed into awed silence.—Mainly About People.

THE DAYS THAT ARE NO MORE.

Tears, idle tears, I know not what they mean;
Tears from the depth of some diving despair
Rise in the heart and gather to the eyes,
In looking on the happy autumn fields
And thinking of the days that are no more.

Fresh as the first beam glittering on a sail
That brings our friends up from the under world,
Sad as the last which reddens over one
That sinks with all we love below the verge;
So sad, so fresh, the days that are no more.

Ah, sad and strange as in dark summer dawns
The earliest pipe of half awakened birds
To dying ears, when unto dying eyes
The casement slowly grows a glimmering square;
So sad, so strange, the days that are no more.

Dear as remembered kisses after death,
And sweet as those by hopeless fancy feigned
On lips that are for others—deep as love,
Deep as first love and wild with all regret;
Oh, death in life, the days that are no more!
—Alfred Tennyson.

WHEN THE PLAGUE RAGED.

A Graphic Picture of the Stricken City of Bombay.

A distinguished foreigner, Prince Bojidar Karageorgevitch, gives a graphic picture of the city of Bombay during the last terrible plague. The streets were silent. In the bazaars there was no shouting of voices, no bargaining. A few people would stand about the stalls and examine the goods, but the seller never seemed to care.

It is afternoon. Suddenly there is a clatter of tomtoms and rattling of castanets. A Hindoo funeral is passing by. The dead lay stretched on a bier, his face painted and horrible, with dreadful scarlet cheeks covered with wreaths of jasmine and roses. A man walks before the corpse carrying a jar of burning charcoal to light the funeral pile.

A Mohammedan funeral now. The body was in a coffin covered with red stuff sparkling with gold thread. The bearers and mourners chanted an almost cheerful measure as they marched very slowly to the burial ground by the seaside, where the dead rest under spreading banyans and flowering jasmine.

Then a Parsee woman stopped my servant to ask if I were a doctor.

"A doctor? I cannot say," replied Abibulla, "but the sahib knows many things."

The woman's eyes entreated me. Would I not come? It would comfort the sick man and help him perhaps to die easily if the gods would not spare him.

At the door of the house the sick man's wife was washing a white robe in which he would be dressed for the grave on the morrow. The nearest relative of the dying must always wash his garment, and the woman, knowing that her husband had the plague and was doomed, was required by ritual to prepare for the burial while her husband was yet living. Her face wore a look of mute and tearless resignation that terrified me.

The plague stricken man lay on a low bed, struggling with anguish. Large drops of sweat stood out on his face, his throat was wrapped in wet bandages and he spoke with difficulty, as in a dream:

"Pane, sahib!"—"Water, sir!"

Then he closed his eyes and fell asleep at once, and so would he sleep till the end.—Philadelphia Call.

Chinese Thrift.

No race of men can surpass the Chinese in habits of industry and thrift, says D. Z. Sheffield in The Atlantic. He will patiently and faithfully work for a master for half a generation, and in the second half he will appear as his own master, at the head of a thriving business. Thus in the industries of the future, wherever there is work to be done, there will be found Chinese ready to "sell strength," as working for hire is called in China, and they will sell more strength for the money than will men of any other nation. Again, a dollar in the hands of a Chinaman represents far greater purchasing power than it does in the hands of a European.

In China a dollar will purchase 1,500 pieces of cash composed of copper and zinc. These cash, with a hole in the center and strung on a cord, weigh seven pounds. A servant or common laborer in Peking is glad to give ten days of labor and a carpenter or mason six days to secure this amount of cash. This money would give a comfortable support to an average family. Three dollars a month, or $36 a year, would cover the living income of a Chinese family of the working class. The meaning of this is that the Chinaman will survive and prosper under conditions of life which would discourage and finally overwhelm the European.

Dean Stokes' Story.

"The late Dean Gilbert Stokes of the Anglican church," says the Rochester Post-Express, "used to tell the story of a conversation he had with the old verger of a certain English parish church. Probably he embellished it, polishing it like old silver with much using, but anyhow this was the tale:

"'Who, my good friend, takes the lead in Sunday school matters here?' asked the dean of the verger.

"'I do, sir,' was the proud reply. 'There aren't no other scholards but me and Sir John in the parish. I l'arns the children on Sunday afternoons.'

"'And what routine do you follow?' said the dean.

"'I fust reads 'em a little cataplasm, and I generally winds up with a few interesting antidotes just to keep 'em from getting too restless, but of course, sir, I always tells 'em in bibulous language.'"

Twin Puzzles.

"Why shellbacks follow the sea and razorbacks follow the circus are twin mysteries I have never been able to fathom," said a Canal street philosopher. "You don't know what I mean by shellbacks and razorbacks, eh? Well, a shellback is a common sailor man, presumably an old timer, and a razorback is a common roustabout who does the ordinary manual labor in a circus gang. Both lives are barbarously hard, and blest if I can see where the compensating features come in, yet the men who follow them stick there year after year until they drop in their tracks or peg out in the charity ward. It's very strange."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Is It Satisfactory?

That's the question that goes with every purchase here. If it's not satisfactory, bring it back today—to-morrow—next week—and get your money. This absolute assurance of fair dealing that retains our trade. Our customers know that "money back" is not a cry set up to deceive the unwary into buying, followed by all sorts of undue excuses and quibblings to avoid returning money on dissatisfied purchases. One of our sparkling reads: "For you to remain dissatisfied is to make us more dissatisfied." It isn't to-day's trade we're depending on—it's to-morrow's—next week's—next month's—next year's! We want you to be so well pleased with your treatment here and with what you buy here, that you'll come again and again. And we will remark right now that our efforts to please have been so uniformly successful that calls for "money back" are rarely made. But it's here just the same, for any and all demands that may be made for purchases returned as undesirable.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,
HARDWARE, &c.,
mar 9 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business April 26th, 1900, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$ 791,947.69
Overdrafts	173.76
U. S. Bonds at par	196,100.00
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000.00
Due from app'd res've agt's	65,592.00
Due from other banks	147,690.91
Cash on hand	88,427.96—296,710.19
Total	$1,304,931.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 125,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	106,546.18
Circulation	45,500.00
Deposits U. S Treas	$150,375.00
Deposits from Banks	145,414.59
Deposits from individuals	691,995.82
Certificates of Deposit	80,000.00—1,017,085.41
Total	$1,304,931.59

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Apr. 26 '98.	Apr. 26, '99.	Apr. 26, 1900
Total deposits	$695,500	$790,900	$1,017,000
Surplus and net profits	78,700	92,700	106,500
U.S. bonds at par	40,100	95,600	196,100

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1892. my 9 tf

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tidewater. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Rourk's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—85 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 90 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in the town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farms at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 273 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. No tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

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CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

House Furnishing Goods.....

Our Motto,

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WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.

Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.

O. P. CAZAUX & CO.

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NEWS AND OPINIONS

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Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 15, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.58 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.33 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.20 P. M., Warsaw 8.38 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.20 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.54 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 5.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.35 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.20 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9,20 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., *Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 5.48 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 8.58 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 7.58 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.35 A. M

FROM THE SOUTH

DAILY 7.15 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.35 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.35 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7.00 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 06 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.05 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 A. M. Greenville 8.59 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.20 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 5.30 P. M., Latta 5.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 3.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 6.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.20 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.55 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.50 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 6.00 P. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.30 P. M., 12.25 P. M. arrive Selma 2.45 P. M. 11.10 P. M. Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.19 A. M., Rowland 6.05 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M., Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 9.25 P. M. Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.50 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.54 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.38 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M. Creston 5.19 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.13 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.05 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.33 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 15 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
No. 2 Pass'g'r Trains			No. 4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 22	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 52	7 37
P.M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.38 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 6.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

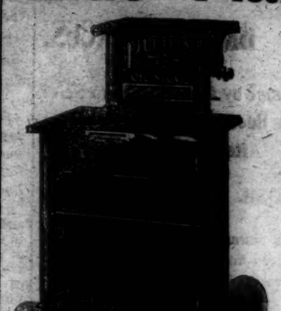
Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 1.05 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Blue Flame Nickle Stoves.



The Acme of Perfection has been reached in

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 10.

PEARSON-CRAWFORD CASE.

The Vote to Be Taken To-day in House of Representatives Will Be Very Close. Mr. Kitchin's Argument.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9.—The contested election case of Pearson vs. Crawford came up in the House to-day. Representative Roberts, of Massachusetts, presented the argument of the majority. He is not a ready talker, and as he was forced to read from manuscript he attracted very little attention. He was followed by Representative Meirs, of Indiana, for Representative Crawford, who went into all the details of the case, and completely showed the House the shallowness of Pearson's case. His speech was very forcible and was closely followed by all present. Representative Kitchin, of North Carolina, closed the day's debate in a very forcible and exhaustive speech, covering one hour and forty minutes. He proceeded to argue the case in detail, taking up every point, and was listened to with marked attention from beginning to end. His speech was the subject of much comment among members to-night. All of them pronounced it the ablest of the contested election speeches delivered during this session of Congress.

During the debate to-day Senator Pritchard and Richmond Pearson were clustered about the reporter and at times prompted him.

No one to-night can forecast the result of to-morrow's vote in the case. It is certain to be very close. All the Democratic members are in the city excepting Representative Daly of New Jersey, who is not paired. Democratic leaders are claiming a majority of five for Crawford, while the Republicans claim they will seat Pearson by at least four majority. Representative Driscoll, Republican, is out of the city, but if present to-morrow will certainly vote against Pearson.

The vote will be taken early to-morrow afternoon and promises to be very interesting.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Quotations as Received by Telegraph Yesterday and Last Night.

[*Special Star Telegrams.*]

NEW YORK, May 9.—There is a strong demand for strawberries on this market at from nine to twelve cents per quart according to variety, quality and condition in which received. Green peas are selling at from $1.25 to $1.50 per bushel and asparagus at from $1.50 to $2.00 per dozen bunches. Beets are from four to five cents per bunch and cabbage at from $2 to $3.50 per barrel.

J. & G. LIPPMAN,
Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants, 184 Reade street, New York.

NEW YORK, May 9.—"Thompson" berries sold this morning nine to eleven cents; "Hoffmans," twelve to fourteen cents. Green peas are bringing from $1.00 to $1.50 per barrel; fancy beets six cents, cabbage $1.50 to $2.50.

HENRY ELWELL & CO.,
Produce Commission Merchants, 310 Washington street.

WASHINGTON TRUCK QUOTATIONS.

Conditions at Capital City Market as Reported by Ernest M. Merrick.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9.—The receipts of berries upon the Washington market are very liberal and they are meeting with fair demand at a range of from seven to eleven cents per quart, much, of course, depending upon the condition and quality of the stock. There are also liberal receipts of peas and choice stock is bringing from $1 to $1.25 per bushel with prospects for a lower price.

ERNEST M. MERRICK,
Wholesale Fruits and Produce,
Nos. 937-939 B street Northwest.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice May 9th, 1900.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Minnie Balcon, Eugeni Black, Mary Brown, Maria Curtis, Bessie Davis, Mary Davis, Lucy Ann Fillyaw, Lizzie Gadison, Anna M Hudson, Hattie Howard, Norah Hall, Rosa Mack, Laura Philyaw, Mae Penkell, Clarrecy Roundtree, Malie Sikes, Nellie Smith, Mammie Thomas, Fannie Harker, 310 Red X street.

MEN'S LIST.

Julius Albert, R C Andrews, Benj Burtin, Jno H Chinnis, M O Craven, Willie Curtis, E L Dixs, Prince Erveneer, Chas E Fritz, A F Gerald, W E Gardner, Jas Hall, Levi Jarry, L R James, J N Kenuedy, A S Leggett, Roger Lilus, R R B Lucas, Geo P Merton, Chas Purlil, N T Reddick, James Robinson, John Stokley, Taylor, Bros & Co, Harvey Wall, A D Williams.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Teanor Brinkley, Ruth Evans, Carrey Fisher, Jno Ausly, P Jenkins, Fannie Parker, Francis Williams.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

Red Hot From The Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw N. C.

BOERS ATTACK BRITISH FORCES.

Attempt by Gen. Hutton to Seize a Boer Convoy Repulsed After a Sharp Fight.

BRITISH ADVANCE GOES ON.

Sharp Skirmishes Are of Daily Occurrence—An Engagement Near Winburg—The Boers Taking Up a Position Near Kroonstad.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 10, 4:10 A. M.—General Hutton's mounted infantry brigade, including the Canadians, with a part of General French's cavalry, crossed the Zand river Tuesday and began to work its way cautiously along the railway northward in the track of the retiring Boers. About 8,000 horsemen were probably engaged in this advance. General Hutton, before he was joined by a part of General French's force, had a sharp fight. This was on Monday, when he reached the river and saw the Boer convoys on the other side and pressed forward intending to cross and capture them. The Boers, however, opened fire with from eight to ten guns, forded the river above and below, seemingly in thousands, and sought to envelop the brigade. Hutton fell back several miles, the Boers following until other British cavalry reinforced Hutton. During the night the Boers retreated, not further contesting the crossing.

The Boer attack on Gen. Hutton does not indicate any such panicky conditions as have been alleged to exist among them. Nevertheless, the British advance rolls on steadily. Gen. Broadwood and Gen. Bruce Hamilton have penetrated fifteen miles beyond Winburg. According to Boer advices sharp skirmishes are of daily occurrence, and there was a brisk rifle engagement outside Winburg on Saturday.

From Boer sources come also the report that in a skirmish outside Mafeking, May 5th, Colonel Baden-Powell was slightly worsted.

The Transvaal Volksraad adopted resolutions on Tuesday expressing indignation at the British for not conducting the war in a civilized manner, for killing wounded Boers with lances, for using armed Kaffirs, under British officers, and for ill-treating prisoners.

President Kruger, after his formal speech on Monday, said the British were prepared for war in 1896, as documents which the burghers had captured showed, but that the Transvaal to avoid bloodshed offered a seven years' franchise, and then a five years' franchise. "Great Britain still demanded war," he declared, "and the republic at length accepted the challenge. Even should the British enter the Transvaal and take Pretoria, the Boers will still remain a free people."

Adelbert Hay was present when this speech was delivered. The Raad continues in secret session.

A dispatch credited to a semi-official source in Pretoria says: "The European powers have delivered a collective note to President Kruger, informing him that they will hold him personally responsible for the safety of the mines, and will support England in enforcing compensation in the event of their destruction."

Lord Roberts' Stern Policy.

CAPE TOWN, May 9.—It is believed here on the arrival of the British at the Vaal river, a proclamation was issued annexing the Orange Free State to the dominion of the Queen and demonstrating the determination of her majesty's forces to assert British supremacy over the annexed territory.

The Boer losses at Brandfort are now reported to have been much heavier than was at first understood. After the battle British patrols visited the farm houses in the surrounding district and all the men were taken prisoners, while the horses and guns were removed.

Lord Roberts is thus adopting a sterner policy, with a view of preventing guerilla fighting in the rear of the British. Horses are now commandeered and farm houses where guns are found are destroyed, while the men are arrested.

British Attack Repulsed.

SMALDEEL, May 8.—Yesterday Gen. Hutton attempted to seize a Boer convoy that was leaving the Zand river. He advanced toward the river with mounted infantry, including the Canadians. A long line of wagon was plainly visible.

The Boers stopped their retreat and opened fire with ten guns. They seemed in great force and threatened Hutton's flank. Presently mounted Boers were seen crossing the dry bed of the river. They circled to the right and began to enfilade the West Australians, while many of the British were hit by Boer shells.

The position became serious. The Boers sent up reinforcements, placing the Australians in danger of being cut off. Thereupon General Hutton ordered a retirement to Welgelegen, where he had left his own convoy. A portion of the forces advanced and engaged the Boers to cover this retirement, which was successfully accomplished.

The Boers continued to shell the retiring troops, but showed no desire to press the attack further.

Meanwhile the Boer trains streamed away northward, blowing up the culverts as they went.

The Boers' Movements.

LONDON, May 9.—Although the British expected considerable opposition at the difficult drift of the Zand river, the latest advices from Smaldeel, Orange Free State, indicate that the Federals are not yet ready to make a determined attempt to stop Lord Roberts' advance. The latter's front is so wide and overwhelming in numbers that it is difficult to see how the Boers can help being ousted out of Virginia Siding as they were out of Smaldeel, even if they elected to give battle. The same considerations would probably affect the situation at Kroonstad, hence the general belief that little real opposition will be encountered south of the Vaal. The repairs to the bridges over the Vet river and the Vaal are expected to retard the general march from Smaldeel and Fourteen Streams for three or four days, when General Buller will also be ready.

The general idea is that Lord Roberts will direct his right on Harrismith in order to get in touch with the Natal army coming through Van Reenen's pass.

A dispatch from Maseru, dated May 8th, says the Boers have deserted both Ladybrand and Ficksburg in a panicky condition, owing to reports that the British had occupied Senekal, thus threatening their retreat to the Transvaal.

LONDON, May 10.—Lorenzo Marques correspondent of the *Daily Mail*, telegraphing May 9th, says:

"Great dismay was caused among the foreign merchants here to-day by the new Portugese governor declaring bull beef, blankets and clothing contraband."

Between 250 and 300 men will be turned off at the Washburn and Moen branch of the American Steel and Wire Company Saturday.

STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

The Trouble in St. Louis—Cars Running Under Police Protection—Situation Unchanged

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 9.—The second day of the great street railway strike was quiet and uneventful, as the first was turbulent and riotous. The St. Louis Transit Company made no effort to run its cars, and the St. Louis and Suburban made none until late in the afternoon, when with hundreds of police, mounted and afoot, massed along the line and a detachment on each car, it succeeded in getting a number through. Far from relieving the situation, however, this demonstration had no further effect than to show that by massing their forces on a single line the police could keep that line open. At the close of the day of armed inactivity, both sides expressed full confidence in the outcome.

Frequent conferences were held on both sides. The police are keeping the crowds moving and preventing a repetition of the riotous demonstrations of the previous day. The streets were filled with people, many of them bearing small placards on their hats and coats expressing sympathy with the strikers, but they were not allowed to congregate. President Mahon, of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes of America, is directing the strike.

Prominent citizens met at the mayor's office this morning and assured Mayor Zeigenheim of their hearty co-operation in all he might do to preserve peace, and later made similar representations to the police board.

It was a day of proclamations, manifestos, statements and explanations.

A proclamation from Mayor Zeigenheim called upon the people to preserve order and avoid gathering on the streets. Chief of Police Campbell sent a report to the commissioners telling them why he had been unable to control the crowds Tuesday and Tuesday night. The presidents of both the street railway companies addressed communications to the board, asking for protection, and the men who were managing the strike issued a statement outlining their position.

While one of the cars was making a return trip with passengers on board a crowd began throwing rocks. One of them struck a policeman on the car, and another crashed through the top of the car. The passengers at this juncture deserted the car and ran through the alleys.

CLEVELAND, May 8.—An agent of the St. Louis street car company, now tied up by a strike, has opened an office here to hire motormen to go to that city. It is said that three hundred men have already been engaged.

RACE PROBLEM CONFERENCE.

Mayor Waddell of Wilmington Opened the Discussion and Was Enthusiastically Applauded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., May 9.—The race problem conference begun at 10.30 o'clock to-day.

Mayor Alfred M. Waddell, of Wilmington, N. C., opened the discussion with an address largely dealing with the conditions in North Carolina. His statements were given enthusiastic approval. When he denounced the legislation which enfranchised the negro as the meanest political crime in the history of nations, the audience of a thousand people cheered the sentiment as they did when he demanded a repeal of the Fifteenth amendment.

In the galleries there were perhaps a hundred negro leaders in Alabama, including Booker T. Washington, of Tuskegee, and W. H. Council, of Huntsville.

Colonel John Temple Graves, of Atlanta, who followed Mayor Waddell, was given an ovation by the audience. His plan for settling the negro problem, the separation of the races, met with favor, especially from the large number of ladies present.

The first applause from the galleries where the negroes were seated greeted the introduction of ex-Governor William A. MacCorkle of West Virginia, who spoke earnestly and pleadingly for the negro in politics as well as in the arts and trades. "I was a rebel," he declared, especially in defending his position.

"Don't call us rebels," said Dr. J. L. M. Curry, of Washington, good naturedly, and the interruption gave Governor MacCorkle the opportunity for defending the Confederacy and the South's cause in the civil war, in the most dramatic manner.

The speaker denounced the method of restricting the ballot that has been employed in Mississippi and Louisiana, and which is proposed in North Carolina.

Mr. W. N. Fickler of Lowndesboro, Ala., followed. He advocated the repeal of the Fifteenth amendment and declared that the white man of the South will not submit to negro domination even if it is necessary to employ force and fraud.

This sentiment was loudly applauded.

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY.

Annual Meeting—Net Earnings of the Trust Over Five Millions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The report of the year ended December 31st, submitted at the annual meeting of the American Tobacco Company to day shows: Net earnings $5,202,384, increase $244,580; surplus $23,575,430, increase $1,017,741; deduct scrip dividend, $21,000,000, leaves available surplus $2,575,430; decrease $19,982,359.

The retiring directors were re-elected. Two new directors were elected, they being R. L. Patterson, for a term of three years, and H. D. Lee, for a term of two years.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.

State Convention—Delegates to National Convention Instructed for McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—The Republican State Convention met to-day at the Academy of Music. The proceedings were harmonious and the session brief. Delegates to the National Convention were instructed to vote for McKinley's re-nomination. The platform warmly endorses the administration of McKinley, both at home and abroad, condemns trusts and arraigns the local Democracy upon charges of corruption.

Working Night and Day

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY. †

SENATE DISCUSSED THE NAVAL BILL.

Section Relating to Armor Plate and Armament Being Under Consideration.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Contested Election Case of Pearson Vs. Crawford from the Ninth North Carolina District—A Vote to Be Taken To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Practically the entire session of the Senate was devoted to a discussion of armor plate, the section of the Naval Appropriation bill relating to armor and armament being under consideration. The debate largely hinged on the proposition that the government should erect an armor plant of its own. Senator Tillman presented an amendment limiting the price to be paid for armor to $300 per ton and providing also that the government should erect a plant of its own. Senators Tillman, Money and Chandler advocated the erection of a plant, while Mr. Hale supported the committee amendment, providing for a plant in the contingency that armor could not be procured for $445 per ton. No action was taken on the proposition, the bill going over until to-morrow.

Senator Hale presented a memorandum from Rear Admiral O'Neil, chief of the naval bureau of ordnance, giving the latest available information on the subject of armor and particularly on "soft nose projectiles." The memorandum stated in part:

"No armor that exists to-day, regardless of its thickness or quality, can resist the power of the modern gun at short range. Therefore, the fact that armor can readily be perforated at short range must not be considered an indication that it is of inferior quality. It simply means that it is over-matched by the gun. Naturally, that which is the most difficult to perforate is the most desirable."

All tests of armor, the memorandum states, are made with uncapped projectiles and are exceedingly severe. The memorandum adds:

"It is a well known fact that a soft steel cap attached to the point of an armor-piercing projectile increases its efficiency to a marked extent, anywhere from 15 to 20 and often to 25 per cent., and all such projectiles for the United States navy are fitted with caps. A few days ago at Indian Head a six-inch capped shell was easily driven through fourteen inches of harveyized armor, and the same has been done through eight inches of Krupp armor."

Senator Chandler, New Hampshire, who is ex-Secretary of the Navy, said that if the United States was to build only the ships now authorized it might be well to accede to the demand of the armor companies, but if we were to become a world power and build ships for the next twenty years it would be far cheaper to make armor at the government's own plant.

At 5.15 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The House to-day entered upon the consideration of the contested election case of Pearson versus Crawford from the Ninth North Carolina district. This is the fifth of the nine contested election cases to be considered by the House. The report of the majority in the Pearson-Crawford case was against the sitting member, a Democrat, on the ground that Mr. Pearson's election was prevented by fraud, intimidation, bribery and bloodshed. The minority deny all the allegations of the majority, pointing out that the district is normally Democratic. The debate to-day was on party lines.

Without preliminary business, the House entered upon the consideration of the case.

Mr. Roberts, Massachusetts, who was in charge of the case, on behalf of the majority, made a proposition to vote immediately after the reading of the journal to-morrow. As an inducement for closing debate to day, Mr. Roberts said he would move to strike from the majority report that portion in favor of throwing out the entire vote of Asheville. He did this, he said, because many gentlemen seemed to believe that the vote of that whole city would have to be eliminated to seat Mr. Pearson. This was, he said, not the case. With the vote of Asheville in, the majority figured out a majority of 155 for Pearson.

Mr. Miers, Indiana, for the minority, rejected the proposition which he declared indicated that the majority had already seen the handwriting on the wall. The vote of Asheville was not, he said, the only vulnerable point in the case. He said four hours on a side was the least he would accept.

This, in turn, was rejected and Mr. Roberts entered upon his opening argument in support of the majority report without any agreement having been reached as to the time for closing the debate.

Mr. Crawford, the sitting member, a Democrat, had 238 plurality on the face of the returns. Mr. Roberts sought to prove that the race question was the issue in the campaign in the Ninth district, and that by fraud, bribery, bloodshed and intimidation Mr. Pearson had been defeated. He figured out a true plurality for Mr. Pearson of 318. In the course of his remarks Mr. Roberts denounced the constitutional amendment and the new election law in North Carolina, which, he said, were designed to eliminate the negro vote.

Mr. Roberts said he had offered to allow the vote of Asheville to stand because it was not necessary to throw it out for the establishment of his case and its discussion would only delay the case.

Mr. Miers, of Indiana, presented the case of the minority in a lengthy argument, in which he charged that the majority had submitted conclusions without a syllable of evidence or warrant of law. He called attention to the fact that the district was normally Democratic and that the election of 1898 was conducted under an election law passed by the Fusionists, which gave the contestant's political friends control of the election machinery. All the charges of intimidation, bribery and violence were denied.

Mr. Kitchin, of North Carolina, concluded the debate, reviewing the service in the House of both Mr. Crawford and Mr. Pearson.

The House at 5.15 P. M. adjourned.

Almost 1,000 delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention, which will be in session during the next few days, have already arrived at Hot Springs, Ark. Fourteen States are represented in the gathering.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD POPS.

National Convention at Cincinnati—Butler and the Fusion Crowd Denounced by the Speakers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, O., May 9.—National Chairman D. Clem. Deaver called the convention of the middle-of-the road Populists to order at 1.30 P. M. He introduced Mayor Tafel, who welcomed the delegates to Cincinnati in a brief speech, in which he gave expression to what the delegates were pleased to interpret and applaud as Populist sentiments.

When Chairman Deaver rapped for order there were on the floor of the Opera House 470 men and women occupying delegates seats and seventy-five people in the galleries.

National Secretary Jno. A. Parker was introduced to read the call for the convention. Parker was received with applause. He said, "We have had a terrific struggle to hold together the honest men of the party, but I believe we have succeeded and the People's party is saved." He excoriated Senator Allen and that gentleman's alleged remark at Lincoln: "We have thrown them over the transom." Parker declared that the People's party went over the transom at the same time and that "Butler and Allen at Sioux Falls cannot sell and barter the vote of the People's party."

Chairman Deaver announced that the national committee had recommended the selection of former congressman M. W. Howard, of Alabama, for temporary chairman. The convention unanimously ratified that recommendation.

There were loud calls for Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota. When he reached the footlights he was seized and lifted to the stage, where he was greeted with continued cheers.

Mr. Donnelly felicitated the national committee on its success in bringing together such a body of delegates. He declared the Omaha convention of 1892 nominated a man and gave him prominence which only enabled him to sell out his friends, and he exclaimed: "The traitors are now assembled at Sioux Falls in obsequeous servility to the Democratic party. They are parting their coat tails and inviting the bugs to kick them and every time they are kicked they thank God and take courage." He denounced Bryan and lauded Thomas C. Watson.

TRAINS IN COLLISION.

Accident on the Southern—One Man Killed—Four Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARDEVILLE, S. C., May 9.—Trains Nos. 23 of the Plant system and 36 of the Southern collided at a siding here this morning. No. 23 was backing into the siding to permit No. 36, northbound, to pass, when the Southern train dashed up at forty-five miles an hour and crashed into the other. The accident is unaccountable for, as there is a stretch of two miles of perfectly straight and level track up the siding. The night was clear and all lights were burning.

John Jackson, colored, of Columbia, fireman of the Southern train, was killed The injured are C. T. Plane, E. M. Kearney, C. R. Watterson, Charleston, and A. C. Stanley, Jacksonville, Fla., all mail clerks.

Both trains carried many passengers but none sustained more than bruises. A relief train with four physicians was sent from Savannah.

BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Fourteen Deaths at Port Said—Disease at Alexandria and Smyrna.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAIRO, May 9.—There has been a total of fourteen deaths from the plague and seven cases of that disease at Port Said.

At Alexandria there have been four deaths and five cases of plague. There is a suspected plague case at Damietta.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 9.—A case of bubonic plague has been reported at Smyrna.

LONDON, May 10.—The *Daily Express* publishes this morning a series of telegrams which illustrate the alarming spread of the bubonic plague, which is ravaging the shores of the Red Sea and is rapidly increasing at Hong Kong, where they have been 65 cases in twenty days, and is spreading into additional towns in Australia.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Republican State convention of Illinois nominated Richard Yates for Governor after an exciting contest.

Base ball games scheduled for Pittsburg, Boston and Brooklyn yesterday, were postponed on account of wet grounds, and at St. Louis on account of the strike in that city.

Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, was at the War Department in Washington yesterday and had a long conference with Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn.

Robert Weltson, middle-aged single man, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge yesterday afternoon. He is the third person who has jumped from this bridge during the last three weeks.

All the available officers of the West India regiment, at Kingston, Ja., are ordered to proceed immediately by the shortest route to Cape Coast Castle to join the expedition against the Ashantis.

Estimates of appropriations for the new officers of the government of Hawaii include $5,000 for the governor, $3,000 for the secretary, $5,500 for the chief justice and $10,000 for two associate justices.

Jim Howard, who was named by Culton and other witnesses as the man who probably fired the shot which killed Goebel, surrendered at the jail in Frankfort, Ky., last night. He asserts that he can prove an alibi.

The activity of Vesuvius is becoming more formidable and the observatory officials announce that the seismic instruments are extremely agitated. A thick column of smoke is rising from the crater and the earth shocks are violent.

The Savannah Cotton Exchange has received replies to queries with regard to the coming cotton crop from points in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, North and South Carolina and Florida. They indicate that there will be an increase of 10 per cent. in this year's crop over last year.

CIGARS.....
There are a good many brands, but few equal and none excel
Lilian Russell and Henry George
For a 5c smoke.
For sale by
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
Wholesale Grocer,
12 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.
apr 15 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Cape Fear Camp No. 254, U. C. V., will meet at the Lodge in Oakdale cemetery this afternoon at 4 o'clock to take part in the Memorial services. By order of Jas. I. Metts, Commander: Henry Savage, Adjutant. my 10 1t

Three Schooners for Sale—Light draft; suitable for coasting trade; in first class condition. Three second-hand Drays in good running order. For particulars apply to Stone, Bourk & Co. my 8 1w

Tuners come and Tuners go, but we go on however, and give you the same superior work on Pianos and Organs as of yore. To insure prompt attention leave orders early. John G. Russell, corner Fourth and Grace streets. Bell phone 196. apl 29 tf

We Sell Your Produce—Spirits, Rosin, Cotton, Tar, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Chickens, Furs, Fruits—and do our best to please you in the prices, for we are sure to please you in the price of your Groceries. Ship and order. T. D. Love, North Water street. apr 29 1f

Dressmaker and Costumer—I wish to announce to the ladies of Wilmington that I am prepared to do all kinds of work—Dressmaking, Bleaching and Dyeing Hats; also, Coloring silks, woollen and cotton fabrics in fast colors. Respectfully, Mrs. J. W. Booker, 515 Grace street, between Eighth and Ninth. apr 28 1w

Up to Date Piano Tuning—Having secured the services of Professor Chester W. Lake, a first class A No. 1 Piano Tuner, lately of Philadelphia, we are now prepared to give prompt and careful attention to all tuning orders and piano and organ repair work. Send in your orders; Ludden & Hales, 109 Market street. Bell 'Phone 599. Everything in Music apr 25 tf

For Sale—Road Carts, Buggies and Carts, Second-hand Tires in good condition furnished in place of old ones at nominal figures. New Carts made in all sizes. I solicit all kinds of Iron and Wood Work. Try our prices before having Repair Work done elsewhere. Marshall's Iron and Wood Work Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets. Inter-State 'Phone 127 call 4. apr 24 tf

Money to Loan in sums to suit. First mortgage on city real estate. Apply to H. McClammy, Attorney at Law. apr 19 tf

Electric Lights, Call Bells, Burglar Alarms—all kinds of electric work done in most approved manner by Atlantic Electric Co., 105 Princess street. Electric Dealers and Contractors. Incandescent Lamps in stock. mar 15 tf

Clover Hay, Peanut Vines, Timothy Hay Rice Straw and all kinds of feed for horses, cows and chickens. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 92. fe 10 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Be Convinced—To my country friends: I am now better prepared than ever to handle your Produce, etc. Mr. R. B. Moore is with me, and will give his personal attention to this department of the business. A. S. Winstead, 113 and 115 North Second street. fe 10 tf

Please Call—We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Tinware, etc. John J. Kelly, 21 Market street. ja 16 6m

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 22 Market street. oct 8 tf

For Sale—A beautiful Home or Summer Residence; large Dwelling; handsome grounds adorned with stately oaks and evergreens; good grass lots; excellent neighborhood. Will sell at a sacrifice. Address Mrs. J. E. Jones, Hillsboro, N. C. apr 10 3w*

"Grover's Soft Shoes For Tender Feet," Did You Say?
Why, I certainly, we keep them, and you might find anything else in Shoes at Lowest Cash Prices at our store.
Our Premiums are prettier than ever.
Think and call on us when you are buying.
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS.
apr 19 tf

CHEESE.
25 Small Cream Cheese.
47 Boxes Small Lemon Cakes.
64 Boxes Soda Cakes.
90 Boxes Large Sugar Cakes.
12 Boxes Fancy Salted Soda Cakes,
23 Boxes Ginger Snaps.
9 Boxes Nic-Nac Cakes
10 Boxes Oyster Crackers.
84 Boxes Fancy Mixed Cakes.
200 Dozen Assorted Baskets.
10 Chicken Coops.
25 Egg Crates.
W. B. COOPER,
226 North Water street,
my 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

To Reach a Woman's Heart
is often a very difficult matter, but through the medium of my PURE ICE CREAM it is quite an easy task.
I take no second place in this, and guarantee to please you with quality and price.
$1.00 per gallon.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
Inter-State 'Phone 132. my 4 tf

Seasonable Information.
I do not buy second-hand Furniture, nor do I "exchange" new for old, neither do I sell to anybody from whom I may have to "take back," hence ALL my goods are NEW and FRESH, direct from THE BEST factories in America, on which I HAVE EXCLUSIVE SALE. I ALSO HAVE EXCLUSIVE sale on the finest grades of Mattresses ever shown here and renovate and remake all kinds. Furniture HAULED, PACKED, STORED and INSURED.
N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
my 6 tf

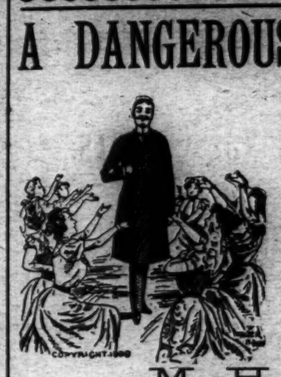
FOR RENT.
The Two Desirable Stores
Formerly occupied by Mr. VanLaer, corner Fourth and Walnut
APPLY TO
J. G. WRIGHT & SON,
RENTING AGENTS.
BELL 'PHONE 341. mar 1tf th sa tu

Ladies' Ready Made Wrappers.

Percales & Lawns, 50, 75, 98c, $1.48.
Big assortment of Dress Skirts, Underskirts, Shirt Waists,
AT
REHDER'S,
Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell 'Phone 118.
Inter-State 'Phone 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. my 6 tf

You ought to know
That there is only one place in Wilmington where you can purchase Up-To-Date things in MEN'S FURNISHINGS, consequently would like to show you some new things in
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS AND STRAW HATS.
We have some nobby styles in Oxford Ties to show you, also.
Drop in on your way home; it costs nothing to look.
Bell 'Phone 565. my 8 tf
A. SHRIER,
MEN'S WEAR.
AGENT FOR HAWES' $3.00 HATS.
34 S. E. corner Front & Princess.

A DANGEROUS HYPNOTIST



People think a man is sometimes when the real secret of his influence is good taste in Dress and being well dressed at all times. There is nothing that lends that air of swelldom and distinguished appearance to a man as a Suit of Clothes made and fitted perfectly by an Artist Tailor. That is the secret of our Success. We are Artists in our trade. OUR LINE OF NEGLIGEE SHIRTS ARE SWELL.
M. H. CURRAN,
my 8 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Something to Interest You.
The Best Constructed Iron Bed made in America.
JUST ARRIVED. Hammocks, Hampers, Chiffoniers, Refrigerators, Toilet Sets, Sideboards, Hat Racks, Fine Rockers, Porch Rockers, Beach or any kind you may want.
Prices and Goods are what you want. We have both.
This tells the tale—Sold more goods last week than we could deliver. Come to see us.
THE SNEED COMPANY,
my 8 tf Second and Market Streets.

Don't
WEAR DIRTY SHOES.
Polish is too Cheap.
We have all kinds for cleaning Russet, Black and Patent Leather.
Gilt Edge and French Gloss for Ladies' fine Kid Shoes.
SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.
Wholesale. Retail.
my 6 tf

Have just received all widths of Black Velvet Ribbons.
Satin and Linen Back. Also, a pretty line of PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.
J. WEIL,
my 6 tf 116 MARKET STREET.

Your Nose
may be Roman, Grecian, pug, long, full or slim, if you can wear a nose glass we can fit it; if you can't we'll tell you so, and it will be the final decision, on which you may rest.
We are experts in fitting frames as well as eyes.
DINGELHOEF BROS., Scientific Opticians,
apr 29 tf Parlor No. 123 Market Street.

And She Came Back and Said
They were $1.50 cheaper than she could find them anywhere else in the city, and so it is—we have a lot of ladies' extra fine quality of Shoes in small sizes, 1s, 2½, 3½, 4½, 5½, lasts C, D, E. These Shoes sold at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50. We will sell any of them at $1.00 a pair. They are worth twice the money we charge for them. We also have a regular line of ladies' Shoes from 98c to $3. Men's Shoes that cost $1.25 elsewhere, we sell at $1. Better grade, higher price. We carry a special line of gents' fine shoes, made by Wm. Kneeland & Co., at South Braintree, Mass. These Shoes range in price from $3 to $5 a pair. Vici, Tan and Black, new toes, at $3, $3.50 and $3.75; some of them are cloth top. Glazed Kangaroo, black, only $4. Patent Leather $3.50 and $5.00. We also invite you to call and inspect our line of Summer Dress Goods. Piques, all colors, solid and figured, 10c per yard. Organdies, plain and white, 36 inches wide, at 10c, 70 inches wide 25c. Dimities, all colors, that sold for 10c, we sell at 8c. Pretty Lawns, figured at 5c and 10c. Solid white 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 18c. Gents' silk bosom Shirts 38c and 75c. Percale Shirts, with two collars and cuffs, 85c, 90c and 75c. Neckwear, white Collars and Cuffs. No credit; strictly cash; but goods cheap. Open every night until 9 o'clock.
G. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,
Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.
J. R. BOYD, Manager. Bell 'Phone 557.
my 6 tf

A Tortured Sole can always

FIND RELIEF
When fitted to a pair of our EASY SHOES.
IF YOUR FEET HURT YOU
These warm days, come in and we will give them relief.
A chance is all we ask.
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